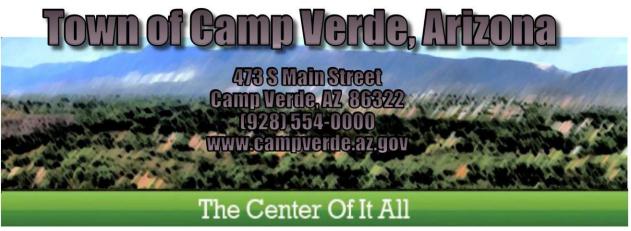
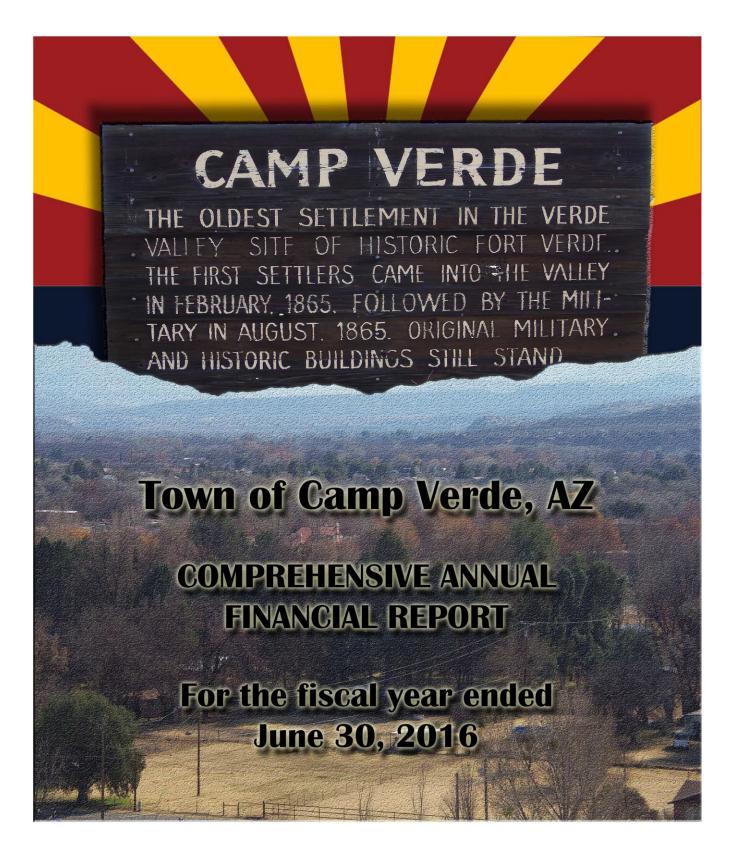


Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016







Prepared by: The Finance Department



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
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Presented to

Town of Camp Verde Arizona

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

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Town of Camp Verde

Gateway to the Verde Valley

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♦ <u>www.campverde.az.gov</u>

January 3, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and Citizens of the Town of Camp Verde:

We are pleased to submit the Town of Camp Verde Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Town annually publishes audited financial statements after the close of each fiscal year which includes a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) which are audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS).

Town management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, Town management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the Town's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects and is designed to fairly represent the financial position of the operations of the various funds of the Town.

Colby & Powell, PLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Town of Camp Verde's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town operates. Part of this perspective is Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report, provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements of the Town. The MD&A should be reviewed in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of Camp Verde, Arizona, incorporated in 1986, is located in the Verde River Valley of Yavapai County and is recognized as the 2012 Centennial Center of Arizona. The Town's land size is 42.6 square miles and serves a population of approximately 11,000 people. Camp Verde is located on I-17, in-between Flagstaff and Phoenix and enjoys a mild climate at an elevation of 3,147 feet.

The Town operates under the council-manager form of government. The Town Council, which has policy-making and legislative authority, consists of a mayor and a six-member council. The Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances and resolutions and adopting the annual budget. The members of the Town Council also appoint the membership of various Town committees and hire the Town Manager, Town Attorney and Magistrate. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies, ordinances and resolutions of the Council and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town. The Town Council is elected on a nonpartisan "at large" basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with three council members elected every two years. The Mayor is also elected for a two-year term.

The Town provides a full range of services including: police, animal control, magistrate court, planning and zoning, building code enforcement, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, wastewater, recreational activities, cultural events and a public library. The town also operates and maintains a community swimming pool as well as community parks and sports fields. It is important to note that the Camp Verde Fire Department is not a part of the Town nor under the Town's control but does work closely with the Town.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the town's financial planning and control. All departments construct their programs and services based on the needs of the community and, no less importantly, the priorities of the Town Council. The Town Manger reviews departmental budget requests and may recommend changes to a department's budget priorities and/or projects. The Town Manger then presents a proposed, balanced budget to the Town Council for review. The proposed budget is presented to the Town Council in May of each year. The proposed budget becomes the focal point of the community conversation with respect to the allocation of financial resources. At the conclusion of the process, the proposed budget, including any additions or deletions thereto, becomes the tentative budget which is presented for adoption by the Town Council in early June. A public hearing is scheduled on the tentative budget generally during the first business meeting in July. Subsequent to the close of that hearing, the Town's final budget is adopted by the Council.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION Local Economy:

In its early years, the Town's economy was based primarily upon agriculture and tourism. In later years, the Town experienced an increase in manufacturing activities as well as retail trade. Currently, the majority of the Town's revenue base is comprised of tax revenues generated both from local sales taxes and State shared tax revenues which include allocations of state income tax, sales tax, fuel tax and motor vehicle-in-lieu tax. Camp Verde is located at the center of Arizona and within 1 hour of 4 dramatically different climates and cities, Phoenix to the South, Flagstaff to the North, Prescott to the West and Payson to East. This puts our Town in a great location to take advantage of travel and tourism within our area.

Local sales tax revenues have grown 126% in the 4-years since their low point in FY12. While a large portion of that growth comes from increases to the tax rate (2% to 3.65% over the 4 years) it also reflects increased spending in our area and presumably a comfortableness with current economic conditions. In FY16, local tax revenues increased 37% over FY15. Factoring out the tax increase from 3.0% to 3.65%, those revenues still grew 19%.

Tax revenues from the State (including state income and sales tax and vehicle license tax) have grown 30% over that same 4-year time period, considerably less than local tax revenues. FY17 estimates from the state show only a 2% expected growth from FY16, dramatically down from the 7.5% average over the last 4 years.

From 2004 to 2008, the Town saw a 9% population increase over the 4 year period. However, from 2008 to 2013 that increase drops to 1%. Current population growth within the Town has flat-lined, though the expectation for our area (Yavapai County) is moderate growth over the next several years. The dramatic slow-down in population growth was highlighted by the construction industry in Camp Verde which slowed considerably. Tax revenues from construction dropped 23% from FY13 to FY14. Construction has seen a turn-around though in recent years, increasing 12% from FY14 to FY15 72% from FY15 to FY16. This significant growth was impacted dramatically by the construction of two large facilities (the Verde Valley Medical Center and new Town library) within the Town. While FY17 is expected to continue with new business construction, it should not be at the levels we saw in FY16 and in fact, will probably drop off somewhat.

Long-Term Financial Planning:

Town Council will be on its second year of developing and enhancing a long-term planning processes. The implementation of Strategic Planning has become a driving factor behind the development of our 5-year Capital Improvement Plan, which has a renewed focus as a prioritization document as projects are getting completed with additional revenue and staffing. The Town also has adopted a new General Plan and has developed an updated strategic economic development plan that will help focus the utilization of Town resources towards long-term goals and prosperity for business and the community. Camp Verde is dedicated to enhancing the quality of life for its citizens and providing municipal services in a fiscally responsible manner. To this end, Camp Verde has strived to remain financially strong and has increased the Unassigned General Fund balance to roughly \$2.9 million, which amounts to 45% of total FY16 General Fund expenses.

Major Initiatives:

- 1) Planning and construction on a new 118 acre park.
- 2) Comprehensive remodel of our municipal court facility.
- 3) Construction on Highway 260, widening from 2 lanes to 4.
- 4) The expansion of sewer lines also along Highway 260, opening up the potential for economic development in that area.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated support and cooperation of the Town Manager and Town employees from all departments. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and members of the Town Council for their desire and determination to maintain the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Camp Verde's finances. Finally, a special thank you to the auditors of Colby & Powell for their insight, professionalism and efficiency.

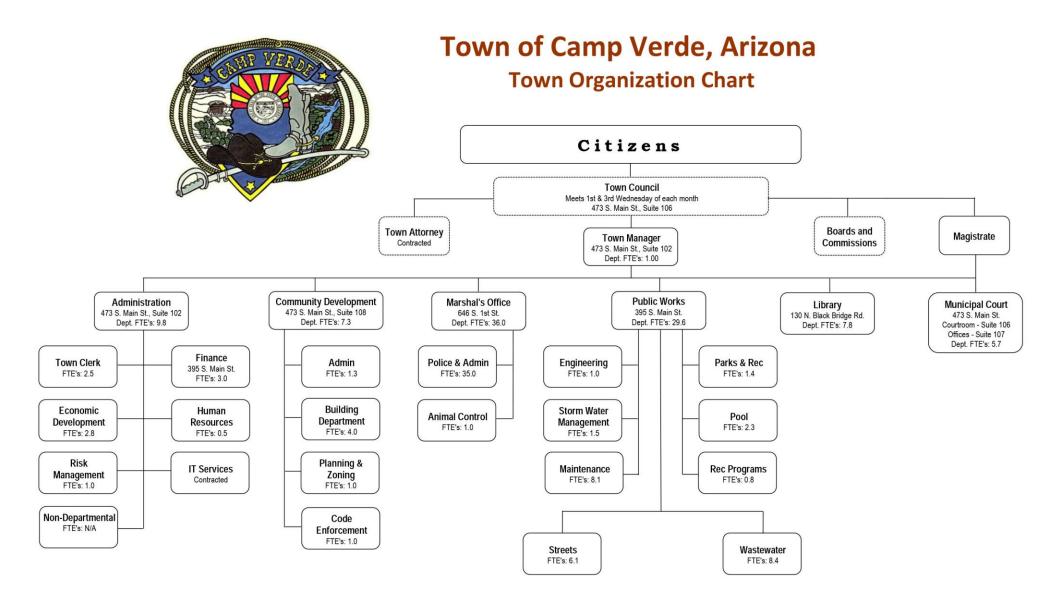
Respectfully submitted,

Russell A. Martin

Town Manager

Michael E. Showers Finance Director

Mich E- fler





Town of Camp Verde Key Officials and Staff



Mayor and Council Members (Left to right)

Front Row: Councilor Robin Whatley, Councilor Jackie Baker, Councilor Carol German **Back Row:** Vice-Mayor Bruce George, Councilor Brad Gordon, Mayor Charlie German,

Councilor Jessie Jones.

Russ Martin, *Town Manager*Virginia Jones, *Town Clerk*Mike Showers, *Finance Director*Nancy Gardner, *Marshal*Kathy Hellman, *Library Director*Paul Schlegel, *Presiding Magistrate*

Department Heads

Michael Jenkins, Community Development Director Ronald Long, Engineer/Public Works Director Steve Ayers, Economic Development Director Veronica Pineda, Court Supervisor Carol Brown, Risk Management





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Camp Verde, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 - 16, Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 61-64, Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Cost-Sharing Pension Plans on page 65, Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Agent Pension Plans on page 66, Schedule of Town Pension Contributions on page 67, and Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress on page 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of

America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2017, on our consideration of the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

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In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the Town solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

January 3, 2017



As management of the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona (Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (FY16). Please read it in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements, which begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activity total assets increased by just over \$1.8 million, which is directly attributable to expenditures for capital assets. The Town's capital assets increased over \$3 million with total cash dropping only \$1.48 million. The Town made significant progress on the construction of its new library (\$2.9 million), funding for which was received in fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 (FY15). The Town also funded \$530K (\$530,000) worth of equipment through a lease purchase arrangement which shows up in the increase in long-term liabilities.
- Net position from governmental activities increased just over \$1.2 million to \$12.24 million. This 11% increase includes a significant increase in the unrestricted portion of net position of \$2.96 million with a corresponding drop in the restricted portion of net position. This highlights two significant factors in governmental activities for FY16; 1) Expenses for the new library, as mentioned above, eliminated \$2.9 million of cash restrictions, and 2) revenues increased by nearly \$1.5 million in FY16. That increase in revenues comes directly from local sales tax revenue which climbed to \$3.9 million fueled by strong retail and construction categories.
- The Town took on new debt of \$530,000 through a lease purchase arrangement for vehicles and equipment.
- Among major governmental funds:
 - The General Fund had in excess of \$8.2 million in revenues, which primarily consisted of taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and intergovernmental revenues. The total expenditures in the General Fund were just over \$6.4 million, increasing the general fund balance, after allowing for net transfers out of \$1.5 million, by \$343K to \$2.9 million, all of which is unassigned fund balance.
 - HURF Fund revenues of \$884,433 were a bit higher (\$21,630) than last fiscal year, but an increase in street maintenance and infrastructure projects drove expenses up nearly \$100,000 (17%). This is the primary reason for the \$100,000 drop in net position within the HURF fund.
 - The Library Fund received contributions, mostly from a local non-profit group, of \$416,867. Most significantly though, are the capital expenditures for the construction of the new library building, \$2.9 million. This project was nearly complete at June 30th but not substantially complete until October of 2016. Primary funding for this project was obtained through Chase bank in FY15. Nearly all loan funds were exhausted by June 30th with the remaining expenses being covered through donations and general fund allocations.



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

In the government-wide financial statements, the Town's activities are presented in the following categories:

- Governmental activities The Town's basic services are included here, such as general
 government, public safety, public works and streets, health and welfare, culture and
 recreation, and economic and community development. Sales taxes, intergovernmental,
 licenses and permits, charges for services, and fines and forfeits revenue finance most of
 these activities.
- Business-type activities The Town's only business-type activity is the wastewater enterprise fund. The Town took over the Camp Verde Sanitary District wastewater operations on July 1, 2013. Those operations are included here and include fee-for-service billing of residential and commercial accounts as well as all expenses for operating and maintaining the sewer system.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains fifteen (15) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances starting on page 19 for the General, HURF and Library Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twelve (12) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules which can be found on pages 73 - 89.

Proprietary funds – The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund; an enterprise fund for wastewater activities. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 25 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs. The Town maintains two separate fiduciary funds. Information on these funds can be found in the Other Financial Statements section of this report on page 93.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements on pages 28 - 60.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Town's budget process. The Town adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General, HURF and Library Funds as required supplementary information which can be found on pages 61 - 63.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgets.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$30.3 million as of June 30, 2016 which is nearly a 3% increase from last year. The following table presents a summary of the Town's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 7,408,585	\$ 8,683,721	\$ 1,078,298	\$ 846,128	\$ 8,486,883	\$ 9,529,849
Capital assets, net	17,250,784	14,159,186	17,609,349	18,069,267	34,860,133	32,228,453
Other non-current assets	95,267	110,897			95,267	110,897
Total assets	24,754,636	22,953,804	18,687,647	18,915,395	43,442,283	41,869,199
Liabilities						
Current and other liabilities	2,109,176	1,633,935	68,397	74,918	2,177,573	1,708,853
Long-term liabilities	11,703,447	11,304,980	568,559_	482,963	12,272,006	11,787,943
Total liabilities	13,812,623	12,938,915	636,956	557,881	14,449,579	13,496,796
Deferred Inflows/(Outflows) of Resource	es					
Def'd net outflows related to pensions	(1,722,850)	(1,070,604)	(136,648)	(72,710)	(1,859,498)	(1,143,314)
Def'd inflows related to debt defeasance	-	65,164	-	-	-	65,164
Def'd inflows related to pensions	426,124		48,014		474,138	
Total net position	\$ (1,296,726)	\$ (1,005,440)	\$ (88,634)	\$ (72,710)	\$ (1,385,360)	\$ (1,078,150)
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	12,264,826	11,390,529	17,609,349	18,069,267	29,874,175	29,459,796
Restricted	2,947,478	5,567,076	-	-	2,947,478	5,567,076
Unrestricted	(2,973,565)	(5,937,276)	529,976	360,957	(2,443,589)	(5,576,319)
Total net position	\$ 12,238,739	\$ 11,020,329	\$ 18,139,325	\$ 18,430,224	\$ 30,378,064	\$ 29,450,553

Governmental Activities. The Town's net position from governmental activities increased over \$1.2 million dollars from FY15. The most significant change in the Governmental Activities section is the 22% increase in capital assets. The Town's investment in the new library building (\$2.9 million), infrastructure and drainage projects (\$530K) and vehicles and equipment (\$734K) account for the largest portion of this increase.

GASB 68 has continued to have a significant effect on the Government-wide statements as well. Net pension liabilities increased \$574K to \$6.0 million dollars in FY16. This has had a dramatic impact on the unrestricted net position of the Town as can be seen in the negative \$3.1 million balance above. This can be a bit misleading when compared to the Governmental Funds Fund Balance, seen below, where unassigned fund balance actually increases\$1.65 million to \$2.88 million. The Town has chosen to fund the net pension liability through a 20 year adjustment to the annual state retirement payment percentage.

The change in net position again shows the effect of completing a significant portion of the new library as Restricted Net Position has dropped \$2.6 million from FY15 to \$2.95 million and the Unrestricted Net Position increases over \$3.1 million.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities. There is virtually no change in the Statement of Position for Business-type Activities.

Statement of Activities

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	ype Activities	To	ital
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 803,717	\$ 735,666	\$ 1,085,853	\$ 1,029,111	\$ 1,889,570,	\$ 1,764,777
Operating grants and contributions	1,145,358	1,084,065	-	-	1,145,358	1,084,065
Capital grants and contributions	891,401	438,025	316,450	-	1,207,851	438,025
General revenues:					-	
Town sales taxes	3,915,180	2,863,839	-	-	3,915,180	2,863,839
Franchise taxes	285,834	266,973	-	-	285,834	266,973
State shared revenue	3,020,345	2,942,726	-	-	3,020,345	2,942,726
Investment earnings	29,593	15,456	1,042	909	30,635	16,365
Miscellaneous	80,456	7,086	-	-	80,456	7,086
Special items:	(295,830)		33,462		(262,368)	
Total revenues	9,876,054	8,353,836	1,436,807	1,030,020	11,240,503	9,383,856
Expenses						
General government	2,780,681	2,776,465			2,780,681	2,776,465
Public safety	2,786,970	3,050,800			2,786,970	3,050,800
Public works and streets	1,566,914	1,156,551			1,566,914	1,156,551
Health and welfare	123,664	123,700			123,664	123,700
Culture and recreation	817,187	724,730			817,187	724,730
Economic and community development	473,270	507,702			473,270	507,702
Interest on long-term debt	108,958	224,557			108,958	224,557
Wastewater			1,727,706	1,677,262	1,727,706	1,677,262
Total expenses	8,657,644	8,564,505	1,727,706	1,677,262	10,385,350	10,241,767
Increase/ (decrease) in	1,218,410	(210,669)	(290,899)	(647,242)	927,511	(857,911)
net position						
Net position,						
beginning	11,020,329	11,230,998	18,430,224	19,077,466	29,450,553	30,308,464
Net position, ending	\$12,238,739	\$11,020,329	\$18,139,325	\$18,430,224	\$30,378,064	\$29,450,553



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities. Total governmental revenues increased nearly \$1.5 million (17%) from last year to \$9.8 million. This is seen predominately in local sales tax revenues, which rose 37% in FY16 to over \$3.9 million (see the revenue schedule below). The increase in capital grants and contributions include the receipt of a donation from Citizens Committee for Camp Verde Library for \$416,753 towards the construction of the new library. The Town also sold an older failing building to a local developer taking a loss on the sale of \$262,368 which is shown in the special items line above along with a transfer of \$33,462 to the Wastewater Fund. The schedule below shows how the Town's local tax revenues have been increasing since FY12. The large jumps in FY13 and FY16 correspond to increases in the local tax rate (2% to 3% in early FY13 and 3% to 3.65% in late FY15) though FY16 still had a 19% increase in local tax revenues after factoring out the .65% increase.

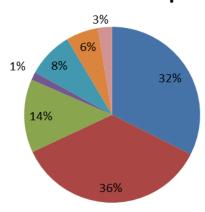


The increase in expenses of \$150,000 is seen in the net of Public Safety and Public Works & Streets. Public Works & Streets expenses increased \$410,000 due to increased spending on streets maintenance and infrastructure projects. However, conversely, Public Safety reduced expenses from FY15 by nearly \$264,000. A significant portion of this was a \$120,000 GOHS grant in FY15 which inflated costs in that fiscal year.

Governmental Fiscal Year 2016 Expenses

© General government Public safety Public works and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic and community Interest on long-term debt

Governmental Fiscal Year 2015 Expenses





GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities. While revenues and expenses for the Wastewater Fund generally stayed the same as last year there are 2 items of note. As mentioned above, the General Fund transferred \$33,462 into the Wastewater Fund for future capital expansion projects. The Wastewater Fund also received a contribution of \$316,450 from the Camp Verde Sanitary District to be used for capital improvements and maintenance.

Functional Net Governmental Activities

The following table presents the cost of the major Town functional activities. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State's and Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Year Ended	June 30, 2016	Year Ended	June 30, 2015
	Total	Net	Total	Net
	Expenses	Exp / (Rev)	Expenses	<u>(Exp) / Rev</u>
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 2,780,681	\$ 2,747,636	\$ 2,776,465	\$ 2,751,231
Public safety	2,786,970	2,213,247	3,050,800	2,371,977
Public works and street	s 1,566,914	548,168	1,156,551	95,026
Health and welfare	123,664	123,664	123,700	123,700
Culture and recreation	817,187	202,586	724,730	500,347
Economic and commur development	nity 473,270	(127,091)	507,702	239,911
Interest on long-term de	ebt 108,958	108,958	224,557	224,557
Net	\$ 8,657,644	\$ 5,817,168	\$ 8,564,505	\$ 6,306,749
Business-Type Activities	5			
Wastewater	\$ 1,727,706	\$ 325,403	\$ 1,677,262	\$ 648,151
Net	\$ 1,727,706	\$ 325,403	\$ 1,677,262	<u>\$ 648,151</u>
Total	\$ 10,385,350	\$ 6,142,571	\$ 10,241,767	\$ 6,954,900

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

As of the end of the Town's fiscal year, its governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6.3 million, a nearly \$1.5 million decrease from the prior year. Approximately 46 percent of the ending fund balance (\$2.89 million) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is \$1.65 million higher than the prior year. Unassigned fund balance is the amount available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned, committed or restricted for HURF related expenses (\$1.3 million), library building construction (\$1.2 million), capital improvements (\$551K) and various other special programs (\$367K).

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was just over \$2.9 million which is \$343K higher than last year's \$2.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to fund expenditures. For FY16, fund balance in the General Fund is 45% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance in the Library Fund decreased significantly from FY15 as funds were used for the construction of the library. Fund balance at the end of this fiscal year is \$1.2 million, \$2.26 million less than last year.

The HURF fund balance decreased \$95K from last year increases in street maintenance and capital purchases.

Proprietary funds. The proprietary fund financial statements are prepared on the same accounting basis and measurement as the government-wide financial statements, but provide additional detail of the Town's enterprise fund.

Wastewater revenues and expenses were virtually the same as last year. Net position in the enterprise fund decreased \$291K (2%) which is more a factor of depreciation expense (\$721K) than any actual spending within the fund.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Schedules showing the budget amounts compared to the Town's actual financial activity for the General, HURF and Library funds are provided in this report as required supplementary information. For the General Fund, revenues are \$687K over budget while expenses are \$235K under budget creating a new positive variance of \$922K. Budgetary highlights for the General Fund are as follows:

Revenues

 Local sales tax revenue of roughly \$4.2 million is over budget in FY16 by \$495K. The significant factors for the overage are seen in the increases in retail tax revenues (\$290K) and construction tax revenues (\$107K) and restaurant and bar tax revenues (\$89K) from FY15 numbers.



BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

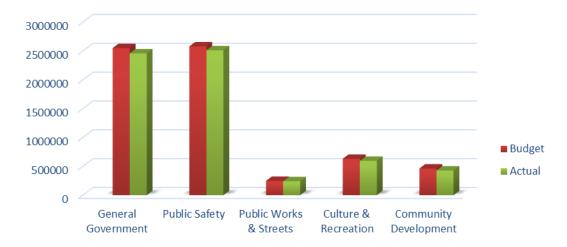
Revenues - Continued

• The sale of an unused parcel of land and building brought in an unbudgeted \$176K putting miscellaneous revenues over budget by \$151K.

Expenses

- The Marshal's Office expenses are under budget \$124K which is found most prominently in savings in payroll expenses from delayed hiring to fill positions.
- Risk Management is \$105K under budget due to unused potential liability accounts (\$45K) and over budgeted liability insurance (\$57K).
- Community Development is under budget \$65K due to savings in payroll and contract labor.
- The IT department is over budget \$64K from increased phone/internet costs and extra contracted IT support costs.

General Fund Expenses: Budget to Actual





CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2016, the Town had invested \$22.0 million in governmental capital assets and \$23.7 million in business-type assets (both before depreciation) including land, buildings, facilities, vehicles, computers, equipment, and infrastructure assets. Total depreciation expense for the year in governmental and business-type activities was \$603,881 and \$721,452 respectively. More information on capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements under Note 5 – Capital Assets.

The following schedule presents capital asset balances and accumulated depreciation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	То	tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land	\$ 5,624,719	\$ 5,868,719	\$ 1,275,828	\$ 1,275,828	\$ 6,900,547	\$ 7,144,547
Construction in progress	4,163,010	1,549,184	363,798	102,264	4,526,808	1,651,448
Buildings and improvements	3,705,442	3,857,920	553,417	553,417	4,258,859	4,411,337
Infrastructure	4,075,280	3,377,961	21,182,275	21,182,275	25,257,555	24,560,236
Machinery and equipment	3,549,249	2,912,901	325,849	325,849	3,875,098	3,238,750
Improvements other than buildings	960,281	953,431	-	-	960,281	953,431
Accumulated depreciation	(4,827,197)	(4,360,930)	(6,091,818)	(5,370,366)	(10,919,015)	(9,731,296)
Total	\$ 17,250,784	\$ 14,159,186	\$ 17,609,349	\$ 18,069,267	\$ 34,860,133	\$ 32,228,453

Key factors for Capital assets during the current fiscal year include the following:

- The Town sold land valued at \$244,000 and an attached building valued at \$146,000.
- \$3.5 million was added to construction in progress while \$875K was sold or placed in service for a net increase of \$2.6 million. The largest investment was in the new library building totaling \$2.9 million.
- The \$700K increase in infrastructure is due mainly to work on various street improvement projects (\$364K) and the drainage channel next to Bashas (\$222K).

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2016, the Town had \$13.46 million in long-term liabilities, \$12.85 million for governmental activities and \$610K for business-type activities. Of the \$12.85 million governmental liabilities amount, \$6.3 million is in bond and capital lease debt of which \$658K is due within one year. During FY16, the Town added \$530K of capital lease debt for vehicles and equipment purchases for various departments. Principle payments for bond and capital lease debt for the year were \$375K. The Town does not have any business-type activity debt. Compensated absences increased \$51,038 (11%) for governmental activities and \$9,838 (31%) for business-type activities. The largest impact on long-term liabilities is the increase in net pension liabilities of \$574K and \$86K for governmental and business-type activities respectively. The net pension liability for governmental activities is 47% of the total balance and 93% of the business-type balance.



LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following table presents a summary of the Town's outstanding long-term liabilities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. More information on long-term liabilities can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements under Note 7 – Long-Term Liabilities.

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	To	otal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
2014 Revenue bonds	\$ 4,811,000	\$ 4,904,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,811,000	\$ 4,904,000
2011 Revenue bonds	722,522	798,227	-	-	722,522	798,227
Capital leases	795,481	471,967	-	-	795,481	471,967
Net pension liability	6,024,863	5,450,696	568,559	482,963	6,593,422	5,933,659
Compensated absences	498,372	447,334	41,657	31,819	540,029	479,153
Total	\$ 12,852,238	\$ 12,072,224	\$ 610,216	\$ 514,782	\$ 13,462,454	\$ 12,587,006

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Town of Camp Verde's revenue base is funded primarily by town sales tax and shared revenues from the State of Arizona. These revenue sources comprise approximately 70% on average of the Town's revenues. The local economy flourished this last year especially in the areas of retail, restaurants and construction with local tax revenues growing 37%. The FY17 budget reflects this growth with an 18% budgeted increase in local tax revenue (which is actually only 5% above FY16 actual revenues due to the significant FY16 increase).

The 26,000 square foot medical center was completed this year and the new library is nearly finished. Further activity is expected to continue throughout FY17 and plans for the expansion of sewer along SR260 is a big part of that future growth. The .65% addition to the general transaction privilege tax rate (TPT) has enabled the Town to continue funding capital projects including: 1) beginning a 7-year street improvement project (\$540K in FY17), 2) moving and remodeling the court room (\$246K) and 3) starting work on the new community park (\$242K).

Staff will continue to keep a tight rein on expenses but will see projected spending in the General Fund for the FY17 budget go up 9% or \$585K. The Town is expecting to see additional revenue generation based on current growth. In FY17, the Town has chosen to utilize up to \$300K (10%) of its unassigned reserves to help fund needed capital improvement projects. Staffing in several departments has been increased slightly to maintain consistent levels of services especially in our Marshal's department, community development department and at the library.

As a result of the thoughtful leadership of the town council and the professional judgment of the Town's management team, we continue to be poised to manage the financial affairs of the Town of Camp Verde with a high degree of vigilance, discipline and transparency. We are confident that we have and can continue to address and manage the challenges we face and look forward to finding ways to maintain the positive return of healthier revenues that will allow for continued high quality community services and capital construction and investment. Many planned construction projects are now in the works with more to come over the next year as well as years to come.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Town Finance Department at:

Town of Camp Verde Finance Department 395 South Main Street Camp Verde, Arizona 86322.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

			Prima	ary Government		
	Go	overnmental		usiness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,131,764	\$	734,420	\$	5,866,184
Cash - restricted		1,343,045		-		1,343,045
Accounts receivable - net		188,125		153,211		341,336
Due from other governments		745,651		190,667		936,318
Loan receivable		95,267		-		95,267
Capital assets, not being depreciated		9,787,729		1,639,626		11,427,355
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		7,463,055		15,969,723		23,432,778
Total assets		24,754,636		18,687,647		43,442,283
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,722,850		136,648		1,859,498
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		685,158		26,740		711,898
Accrued expenses		186,744		-		186,744
Interest payable		82,442		-		82,442
Court bonds payable		6,041		-		6,041
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within 1 year		1,148,791		41,657		1,190,448
Due in more than 1 year		11,703,447		568,559		12,272,006
Total liabilities		13,812,623		636,956		14,449,579
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		426,124		48,014	_	474,138
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		12,264,826		17,609,349		29,874,175
Restricted for:		12,204,020		17,002,542		27,074,173
Highways and streets		1,309,959		-		1,309,959
Housing redevelopment		130,727		-		130,727
Special programs		1,506,792		-		1,506,792
Unrestricted (deficit)		(2,973,565)		529,976		(2,443,589)
Total net position	\$	12,238,739	\$	18,139,325	\$	30,378,064

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Program Revenue	e	Net	(Expense) R	Revenue	and Changes in	Net P	osition
		Charges	Operating	Capital]	Primary	Government		
		for	Grants and	Grants and		nmental		isiness-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activ	vities		Activities		Total
Primary government:										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 2,780,681	\$ 33,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2	2,747,636)	\$	-	\$	(2,747,636)
Public safety	2,786,970	481,762	34,009	57,952	(2	2,213,247)		-		(2,213,247)
Public works and streets	1,566,914	13,905	880,724	124,117		(548,168)		-		(548,168)
Health and welfare	123,664	-	-	-		(123,664)		-		(123,664)
Culture and recreation	817,187	48,260	121,339	445,002		(202,586)		-		(202,586)
Economic and community development	473,270	226,745	109,286	264,330		127,091		-		127,091
Interest of long-term debt	108,958	-	-	-		(108,958)		-		(108,958)
Total governmental activities	8,657,644	803,717	1,145,358	891,401	(.	5,817,168)		-		(5,817,168)
Business-type activities										
Wastewater	1,727,706	1,085,853	-	316,450		-		(325,403)		(325,403)
Total business-type activities	1,727,706	1,085,853	-	316,450		-		(325,403)		(325,403)
Total primary government	\$ 10,385,350	\$1,889,570	\$1,145,358	\$1,207,851	\$ (:	5,817,168)	\$	(325,403)	\$	(6,142,571)
	General revenue:									
	Taxes:									
	Sales Taxes					3,915,180		-		3,915,180
	Franchise tax					285,834		-		285,834
	State shared reven	ue				3,020,345		-		3,020,345
	Investment income	e				29,593		1,042		30,635
	Miscellaneous					80,456		· -		80,456
	Loss on sale of ass	sets				(262,368)		-		(262,368)
	Transfers in (out)					(33,462)		33,462		-
	Total general reve	nues and transfer	'S			7,035,578		34,504		7,070,082
	Change in net p					1,218,410		(290,899)	-	927,511
	Net position, July 1, 2					1,020,329		18,430,224		29,450,553
	Net position, June 30					2,238,739	\$	18,139,325	\$	30,378,064
	Net position, June 30	, 2016			\$ 13	2,238,739	\$	18,139,325	\$	<i>5</i> 0, <i>5</i> / 8,06

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

ASSETS	General Fund		HURF Fund	Library Building Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Cash - restricted Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments Loans receivable Due from other funds	\$ 2,189,961 481,107 188,125 546,796		1,249,951 - - 78,861 - -	\$ 737,312 861,938 - - -	\$ 954,540 - - 119,994 95,267	\$	5,131,764 1,343,045 188,125 745,651 95,267 9,817
Total assets	\$ 3,415,806	\$	1,328,812	\$ 1,599,250	\$ 1,169,801	\$	7,513,669
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Court bonds payable Due to other funds	\$ 198,691 186,744 6,041		18,853 - - -	\$ 393,976 - - -	\$ 73,638 - - - 9,817	\$	685,158 186,744 6,041 9,817
Total liabilities	391,476		18,853	393,976	83,455		887,760
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	106,547	- -		 <u> </u>	197,556		304,103
FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed Assigned	- - -		1,309,959	1,205,274	336,978 30,181 551,200		2,852,211 30,181 551,200
Unassigned	2,917,783			 	 (29,569)		2,888,214
Total fund balances	2,917,783		1,309,959	1,205,274	 888,790		6,321,806
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 3,415,806	\$	1,328,812	\$ 1,599,250	\$ 1,169,801	\$	7,513,669

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets Capital assets 22,077,981 Less accumulated depreciation (4,827,197) 17,250,784 Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Reimburseable grant expenditures 29,931 Loan receivable 95,267 Fines receivable 178,905 304,103 Some liabilities, including notes payable and
are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets Less accumulated depreciation (4,827,197) 17,250,784 Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Reimburseable grant expenditures Loan receivable Fines receivable 178,905 304,103 Some liabilities, including notes payable and
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Fines receivable 178,905 Some liabilities, including notes payable and
Some liabilities, including notes payable and
Some liabilities, including notes payable and
net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds
Compensated absences (498,372)
Net pension liability (6,024,863)
Revenue bonds payable (5,533,522)
Capital leases (795,481)
Interest payable (82,442)
(12,934,680)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.
Pension related deferred outflows 1,722,850
Pension related deferred inflows (426,124)
1,296,726
Net position of governmental activities \$ 12,238,739

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	HURF Fund	Library Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Fund
Revenue					
Taxes	\$ 4,201,014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,201,014
Intergovernmental	3,273,560	880,724	-	665,706	4,819,990
Fines and forfeitures	268,682	-	-	29,183	297,865
Licenses and permits	198,155	_	-	-	198,155
Charges for services	122,360	-	-	-	122,360
Contributions	-	-	416,867	9,771	426,638
Investment income	23,835	3,309	762	1,688	29,594
Other revenue	184,507	400		16,187	201,094
Total revenue	8,272,113	884,433	417,629	722,535	10,296,710
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	2,531,195	-	-	19,502	2,550,697
Public safety	2,517,188	-	-	43,088	2,560,276
Public works and streets	261,924	614,221	-	180,413	1,056,558
Health and welfare	5,000	-	-	118,664	123,664
Culture and recreation	634,528	-	215	85,289	720,032
Economic and community development	415,046	-	-	23	415,069
Capital outlay	59,150	27,738	2,913,148	1,253,997	4,254,033
Debt service			-		
Principal	1,685	-	-	373,506	375,191
Interest	771_		<u> </u>	208,648	209,419
Total expenditures	6,426,487	641,959	2,913,363	2,283,130	12,264,939
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over (under) expenditures	1,845,626	242,474	(2,495,734)	(1,560,595)	(1,968,229)
Other financing sources					
Capital lease acquisition	-	-	-	530,000	530,000
Transfers (out)	(1,502,609)	(336,755)	237,000	1,568,902	(33,462)
Total other financing sources	(1,502,609)	(336,755)	237,000	2,098,902	496,538
Net change in fund balances	343,017	(94,281)	(2,258,734)	538,307	(1,471,691)
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	2,574,766	1,404,240	3,464,008	350,483	7,793,497
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 2,917,783	\$ 1,309,959	\$ 1,205,274	\$ 888,790	\$ 6,321,806

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balancestotal governmental funds		\$ (1,471,691)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities are different because:		
Covernmental funds report conital outlays as expanditures		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful		
lives and reported as depreciation expense.	4 254 022	
Capital outlay	4,254,033	
Depreciation expense	(603,881)	2 650 152
Talona (CARINA La		3,650,152
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale		
of capital assets is reported whereas in the governmental		
funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources		
Thus, the change in net assets differ from the change in		
fund balance by the book value of capital assets sold.		(558,554)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide		
current financial resources are not reported as revenues		
in the funds.		51,934
		- ,
Town pension contributions are reported as expenditures in		
the governmental funds when made. However, they are		
reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement		
of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is		
measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension expense,		
which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes		
in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to		
pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Town pension contributions	549,693	
Pension expense	(897,738)	
i elisioli expelise	(697,736)	(348,045)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to		(346,043)
governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(500,000)	
Lease purchase	(530,000)	
Principal repaid	375,191	
		(154,809)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and therefore,		
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Interest expense	35,297	
Amortization of bond premium - prior year defeased	65,164	
Change in compensated absences	(51,038)	
		49,423
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,218,410

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	V	Wastewater Fund	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	734,420	
Accounts receivable - net		153,211	
Due from other governments		190,667	
Total current assets		1,078,298	
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, not being depreciated		1,639,626	
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		15,969,723	
Total assets		18,687,647	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions		136,648	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		26,740	
Compensated absences, current		41,657	
Total current liabilities		68,397	
Noncurrent liabilities			
Net pension liability		568,559	
Total liabilities		636,956	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions		48,014	
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets		17,609,349	
Unrestricted (deficit)		529,976	
Total net position	\$	18,139,325	

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2016

On supting resummer	Wastewater Fund			
Operating revenues Sewer charges	\$	1,084,976		
Miscellaneous	φ	877		
Total operating revenues	-	1,085,853		
Total operating forenation	-	1,000,000		
Operating expenses				
Personnel		564,564		
Materials and supplies		112,882		
Professional services		36,224		
Utilities		107,524		
Insurance		22,000		
Other		35,510		
Repairs and maintenance		127,550		
Depreciation		721,452		
Total operating expenses		1,727,706		
Operating income (loss)		(641,853)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Interest income		1,042		
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(640,811)		
Capital contributions		316,450		
Transfers in		33,462		
Increase (decrease) in net position		(290,899)		
Total net position, beginning of year		18,430,224		
Total net position, end of year	\$	18,139,325		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	V	Vastewater Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	1,039,244
Payments to suppliers and providers of		
goods and services		(388,377)
Payments to employees		(554,726)
Net cash provided (used) by		_
operating activities		96,141
Cash flows from noncapital		
financing activities:		
Transfers (to) from other funds		33,462
Advances to other governments		(189,547)
Net cash provided (used) by		
noncapital financing activities		(156,085)
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Proceeds from capital grants		316,450
Purchase of capital assets		(261,534)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		_
related financing activities		54,916
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received		1,042
Net increase (decrease) in cash		
and cash equivalents		(3,986)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		738,406
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	734,420

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

(Continued)

	Wastewater Fund			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net				
cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(641,853)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided (used) by operating				
activities:				
Depreciation		721,452		
Pension expense		87,361		
Employer pension contributions		(17,689)		
(Increase) decrease:				
Accounts receivable		(46,904)		
Due from other governments		295		
Increase (decrease):				
Accounts payable		(16,359)		
Accrued expenses		9,838		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	96,141		

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016

A GOTTEG	 Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 631,086
Total assets	 631,086
LIABILITIES	
Deposits held for others	 631,086
Total liabilities	\$ 631,086

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Camp Verde, Arizona (Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal entity governed by an elected Mayor and six-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. The Town is a primary government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Town. The Town has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Town as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the Town). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and each segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include charges to customers for goods or services, operating grants, capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and proprietary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, results from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values. Revenues generated by ancillary activities are also reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense are considered to be nonoperating expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *HURF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway Revenue Fund which is legally restricted to expenditures for street purposes.

The *Library Building Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from contributions and debt proceeds from a revenue bond to be spent on the construction of the Town's new library.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

The *Wastewater Fund* accounts for the costs to operate, construct, and finance the Town's wastewater treatment system.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Agency Funds* are used to account for assets held by the Town in a custodial capacity for the following purposes:

- Employee assistance.
- Camp Verde Sanitary District property tax collection and debt service remittance.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash and Investments

The Town considers cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the State Treasurer, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents.

Cash and investments are generally pooled except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents or restricted under provisions of bond indentures. Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona or any of its counties, cities, towns, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute. The State Board of Deposit provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pool, and the Local Government Investment Pool Advisory Committee provides consultation and advice to the Treasurer. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares

E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are estimated by the Town. The amount recorded at June 30, 2016 in the General Fund for uncollectible municipal court fines and forfeitures is \$526,000. The amount recorded at June 30, 2016 in the Wastewater Fund for uncollectible Wastewater receivables is \$55,000.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

			Estimated
	Capitalization	Depreciation	Useful Life
	Threshold	Method	(years)
Land	\$5,000	N/A	-
Construction in progress	5,000	N/A	-
Buildings	5,000	Straight-line	25 - 30
Improvements	5,000	Straight-line	18 - 75
Infrastructure	5,000	Straight-line	15
Furntiture, machinery, and			
equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5 - 10
Vehicles	5,000	Straight-line	5 - 10

G. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future periods) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

H. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave, compensatory time, and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Employees may accumulate up to 320 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused each January 1 are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees.

Employees may accumulate up to 480 hours of sick leave hours. Any sick leave hours in excess of the maximum must be converted at a rate of 50% to vacation time or cash value each December 15. Upon termination of employment, unused sick leave benefits are paid to employees at rates of 10 to 50 percent depending upon years of service.

The current and long-term liabilities for accrued vacation leave, compensatory time, and sick leave are reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds' financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements by fiscal year end. Resources from the General Fund are generally used to liquidate the governmental funds liabilities for compensated absences.

I. Fund Balance Reporting

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires fund balances to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),
- 2. *Restricted* fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution provisions or enabling legislation, or external resource providers,
- 3. *Committed* fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's Town Council,
- 4. *Assigned* fund balances are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the Town's governmental funds and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications.

The Town's policy for committed fund balances is through formal Town resolutions passed through the elected Town Council. The process of rescinding a committed fund balance requires the same process. The Town's policy for assigned fund balances is through motions passed by the elected town council. Assigned fund balances do not require a formal resolution.

When expenditures incur for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, the Town's policy is to apply the expenditure first to restricted, and then to unrestricted in the following order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

J. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

K. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

L. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The Town implemented this standard during this fiscal period.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The Town implemented this standard during this fiscal period.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Upon implementation, it is

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

anticipated that this Statement will cause a restatement of beginning net position of the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and the proprietary funds.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The Town implemented this standard during this fiscal period.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

N. Budgets

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The Town is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the Town to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The Town complied with this law during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual reports as listed in the table of contents present all departments which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2016, if any.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; U.S. Treasury obligations; specified state and local government bonds; and interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories. The statutes require collateral for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 101 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Deposits—At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the Town's total cash in bank was \$2,863,924, and the bank balance was \$3,294,360. Of the bank balance, \$1,059,751 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remaining balance was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the Town's name.

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Deposits	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,510
Cash in bank	2,863,924
Investments	
State treasurer's investment pool	2,235,528
U.S. Securities	2,108,267
Total deposits and investments	7,209,229
Less Cash - Restricted	(1,343,045)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,866,184

Cash – *restricted* consists of cash set aside to meet debt service requirements totaling \$481,107 and refunding bond proceeds restricted for library capital improvements totaling \$861,938.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS- Continued

At June 30, 2016, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	 Fair Value	 Less Than 1 1-5		1-5	Concentration of Credit Risk %	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 480,336	\$ 480,336	\$	-	22.78	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits						
Ally Bank	252,378	-		252,378	11.97	
U.S. Agencies						
Federal Farm Credit Bank	500,020	-		500,020	23.72	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	250,003	-		250,003	11.86	
Federal Home Loan Bank	225,455	225,455		-	10.69	
Federal Home Loan Bank	400,075	-		400,075	18.98	
	\$ 2,108,267	\$ 705,791	\$	1,402,476	100.00	

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturities of its investment portfolio according to the needs of the Town. Investments are structured so that they mature concurrent with anticipated cash requirements for ongoing operations of the Town.

Credit Risk. The Town's investment policy allows for investments in obligations guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, government sponsored enterprises, government bonds with minimum credit ratings of Aa or AA, commercial paper with a minimum short term rating of P1 or A1, negotiable certificates of deposit, corporate bonds carrying a minimum credit rating of A, and the Local Government Investment Pool. The Towns investment in U.S. Agencies and Money Market Funds were rated no lower than AAA by Standard & Poor's. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool is overseen according to Arizona State Statute by the State Board of Deposit. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Town's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the Town's total investments. Securities issued by the United States of America or its agencies are exempt from this provision.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As of June 30, 2016, the Town's receivables for individual major governmental funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, consisted of \$657,282 in municipal court fines and \$56,843 in other miscellaneous receivables. In anticipation of uncollectible amounts, the Town has an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$526,000.

In connection with receivables, governmental funds reported deferred revenue for amounts not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, unavailable revenue consisted of fines receivable of \$178,905, loans receivable of \$95,267, and unexpended grant funds of \$29,931.

As of June 30, 2016, the Town's receivables for individual major proprietary funds consisted of wastewater fees billed to customers totaling \$208,211. In anticipation of uncollectible amounts, the Town has an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$55,000.

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	(General Fund	HURF Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Wastewater Fund	
United States Internal Revenue Service	\$	227,135	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Camp Verde Sanitary District		-		-		-		188,913
State of Arizona								
Highway user revenues		-		78,861		-		-
State and city sales tax revenues		290,165		-		-		-
Magistrate court revenues		-		-		76,963		-
GOHS grant revenues		-		-		2,929		-
HSIP Street signage grant revenues		=		-		9,431		-
Department of Homeland Security grant revenues		-		-		20,500		-
Yavapai County								
Vehicle licensing tax revenues		29,496		-		-		-
Flood control grant revenues		-		-		7,267		-
PANT grant revenues		-		-		2,904		-
Miscellaneous								1,754
	\$	546,796	\$	78,861	\$	119,994	\$	190,667

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2015	Increase	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,868,719	\$ -	\$ (244,000)	\$ 5,624,719
Construction in progress	1,549,184	3,480,352	(866,526)	4,163,010
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	7,417,903	3,480,352	(1,110,526)	9,787,729
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,857,920	-	(152,478)	3,705,442
Infrastructure	3,377,961	697,319	-	4,075,280
Machinery and equipment	2,912,902	734,391	(98,044)	3,549,249
Improvements other than buildings	953,431	6,850	-	960,281
Total	11,102,214	1,438,560	(250,522)	12,290,252
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,028,113)	(92,020)	37,628	(1,082,505)
Infrastructure	(1,008,652)	(168,942)	-	(1,177,594)
Machinery and equipment	(1,885,555)	(315,551)	99,987	(2,101,119)
Improvements other than buildings	(438,611)	(27,368)	-	(465,979)
Total	(4,360,931)	(603,881)	137,615	(4,827,197)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,741,283	834,679	(112,907)	7,463,055
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,159,186	\$ 4,315,031	\$ (1,223,433)	\$ 17,250,784

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$1,275,828 \$ -		Balance July 01, 2015		Increase		Decrease	es J	Balance une 30, 2016
Land \$ 1,275,828 - \$ 1,275,828 Construction in progress 102,264 261,534 - 363,798 Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,378,092 261,534 - 1,639,626 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 553,417 - 553,417 Infrastructure systems 21,182,275 - - 21,182,275 Vehicles and equipment 325,849 - - 22,061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,909) - (238,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Covernmental	· -							
Construction in progress 102,264 261,534 - 363,798 Total capital assets not being depreciated being depreciated 1,378,092 261,534 - 1,639,626 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 553,417 - - 21,182,275 Vehicles and equipment 325,849 - - 325,849 Total 22,061,541 - - 22,061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 - - 232,661,541 Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Covernmental activities: \$ 1,590,070 \$ (459,918)								
Total capital assets not being depreciated 1,378,092 261,534 - 1,639,626 Capital assets being depreciated: 8uildings and improvements 553,417 - 2,553,417 Infrastructure systems 21,182,275 - 2,255,849 Vehicles and equipment 325,849 - 325,849 Total 22,061,541 - 2,2061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8uildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,909) - (338,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: \$ 20,000,349 \$ 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: \$ 2,788			\$	-	\$		- \$	
being depreciated 1,378,092 261,534 - 1,639,626 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 Buildings and improvements 553,417 - 2 553,417 Infrastructure systems 21,182,275 - 325,849 - 325,849 Yehicles and equipment 325,849 - 2 2,061,541 - 325,849 Total (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (51,07,202) (658,749) - (57,65,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,909) - (238,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - (5,769,723) Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 223,519 Public works and streets		102,264		261,534				363,798
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	<u>-</u>	1 270 002		261 524				1 620 626
Buildings and improvements 553,417 - 553,417 Infrastructure systems 21,182,275 - 21,182,275 Vehicles and equipment 325,849 - - 325,849 Total 22,061,541 - - 22,061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,009) - (238,502) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Covernmental activities: Public works and streets \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Culture and recreation 62,172 - 62,172 - - 62,172 - - - - - -	being depreciated	1,378,092		261,534	-			1,639,626
Buildings and improvements 553,417 - 553,417 Infrastructure systems 21,182,275 - 21,182,275 Vehicles and equipment 325,849 - - 325,849 Total 22,061,541 - - 22,061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,009) - (238,502) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Covernmental activities: Public works and streets \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Culture and recreation 62,172 - 62,172 - - 62,172 - - - - - -	Capital assets being depreciated:							
Infrastructure systems 21,182,275 - 21,182,275 Vehicles and equipment 325,849 - - 325,849 Total 22,061,541 - - 22,061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) 36,909) - (238,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332<		553,417		-			_	553,417
Total 22,061,541 - 22,061,541 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,909) - (238,502) Total (55,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net (5,091,175) (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net (5,092,267) (459,918) (5,093,49) - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: - \$ 23,519 Public works and streets \$ 323,519 - Public activities depreciation expense \$ 52,788				-			_	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-			-	
Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,909) - (238,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets \$ 323,519 Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881	Total	22,061,541		-				22,061,541
Buildings and improvements (61,571) (25,794) - (87,365) Infrastructure (5,107,202) (658,749) - (5,765,951) Vehicles and equipment (201,593) (36,909) - (238,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets \$ 323,519 Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881								
Infrastructure		(61.571)		(25.50.4)				(07.065)
Vehicles and equipment Total (201,593) (36,909) - (238,502) Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets \$ 323,519 Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881 Business-type activities:							-	
Total (5,370,366) (721,452) - (6,091,818) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$ 17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets \$ 323,519 Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881 Business-type activities:							-	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 16,691,175 (721,452) - 15,969,723 Business-type activities capital assets, net \$18,069,267 \$ (459,918) \$ - \$17,609,349 Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets Public safety Culture and recreation Culture and recreation General government Economic and community development Total governmental activities depreciation expense Business-type activities:								
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$\frac{\\$18,069,267}{\\$0} \frac{\\$0}{\\$0} \frac{\\$0}{\\$0},918) \frac{\\$0}{\\$0} \frac{\\$17,609,349}{\\$0}\$ Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets Public safety Culture and recreation General government Economic and community development Total governmental activities depreciation expense Business-type activities:	1 0 स्वा	(5,370,366)		(721,452)				(6,091,818)
Depreciation expense was charged to each function as follows: Governmental activities: Public works and streets Public safety Culture and recreation General government Economic and community development Total governmental activities depreciation expense Business-type activities:	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	16,691,175		(721,452)				15,969,723
Governmental activities: Public works and streets Public safety Culture and recreation General government Economic and community development Total governmental activities depreciation expense Business-type activities:	Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,069,267	\$	(459,918)	\$		<u> </u>	17,609,349
Public works and streets \$ 323,519 Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881	Depreciation expense was charged to each	n function as fol	lows	:				
Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$603,881	Governmental activities:							
Public safety 159,070 Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$603,881	Public works and streets					\$	323.519	
Culture and recreation 62,172 General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881								
General government 52,788 Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$603,881 Business-type activities:	•							
Economic and community development 6,332 Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881 Business-type activities:								
Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$ 603,881 Business-type activities:	_							
Business-type activities:	Economic and community development						6,332	_
**	Total governmental activities depreciation e	expense				\$	603,881	=
Wastewater fund \$ 721,452	Business-type activities:							
	Wastewater fund					\$	721 <u>,45</u> 2	=

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 6 – LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Town has outstanding loans due from homeowners related to funding through a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG). Income from CDBG loans is considered program income of the grant. The governmental funds reports unavailable revenue as "deferred inflows of resources" in connection with the receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. However, the government-wide financial statements recognized the revenue when the receivable was recognized. Therefore, the unavailable revenue represents a reconciling item between the government-wide and fund financial statements. At June 30, 2016, \$95,267 of the loan receivable recorded in the Housing Fund represents funds that were unavailable.

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the Town's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	Ju	Balance lly 1, 2015	 Additions	Reductions		Balance Reductions June 30, 2016		Due within 1 year	
Governmental activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	447,334	\$ 465,667	\$	414,629	\$	498,372	\$	490,548
Capital leases payable		471,967	530,000		206,486		795,481		259,577
Net pension liability		5,450,696	574,167		_		6,024,863		_
Bonds payable:									
Revenue bonds		5,702,227	_		168,706		5,533,522		398,666
Governmental activities			•						
long-term liabilities	\$	12,072,224	\$ 1,569,834	\$	789,821	\$	12,852,238	\$	1,148,791
	-								
Business-type activites:									
Compensated absences	\$	31,819	\$ 43,009	\$	33,171	\$	41,657	\$	41,657
Net pension liability		482,963	85,596				568,559		
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	514,782	\$ 128,605	\$	33,171	\$	610,216	\$	41,657

Bonds Payable:

In May 2011, the Town issued bonds totaling \$1,005,000 to finance the purchase of land for use by the Public Works Department. The principal and interest on the bonds are payable from excise tax revenues and state shared revenues. The Town has pledged future state shared revenues and excise tax revenues to repay the bond.

In October 2014, the Town issued bonds totaling \$4,904,000 to provide for an advance refunding of the 2005 revenue bond debt service payments for \$1,372,950 with the remaining funds for the building of a new library. The principal and interest on the bonds are payable from excise tax revenue and state shared revenues. The Town has pledged future state shared revenues and excise tax revenues to repay the bond.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Description	Original Amount	Maturity Ranges	Interest Rates	Outstanding Principal June 30, 2016
Revenue Bonds, Series 2011	\$ 1,005,000	2012-2023	3.91%	\$ 722,522
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	4,904,000	2016-2031	2.84%	4,811,000
Totals	\$ 5,909,000			\$ 5,533,522

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's bonds payable at June 30, 2016.

	Governmental Activities							
Year								
Ending		2011 Bon	ıd Pa	ıyable		2014 Bon	d Pa	yable
June 30	F	Principal		Interest	I	Principal		Interest
2017	\$	78,666	\$	26,713	\$	320,000	\$	132,088
2018		81,741		23,577		329,000		122,873
2019		84,938		20,318		337,000		113,415
2020		88,259		16,932		346,000		103,717
2021		91,709		13,414		360,000		93,692
2022-2026		297,209		17,728	1	1,785,000		309,689
2027-2031					1	1,334,000		96,844
Total	\$	722,522	\$	118,682	\$ 4	1,811,000	\$	972,318

Capital leases – The Town has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of machinery and equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The Towns general revenues are used to pay the capital lease obligations. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Activities Activities		
Machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$	856,307 (459,486)	
Carrying value	\$	396,821	

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's capital leases payable at June 30, 2016.

Year Ending	Gov	ernmental
June 30	A	Activities
2017	\$	272,379
2018		272,379
2019		112,830
2020		110,988
2021		55,494
Total minimum lease payments		824,070
Less amount representing interest		(28,589)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	795,481

NOTE 8 – PLEDGED REVENUES

As described in Note 7, the Town has pledged future state-shared revenues and excise tax revenues to repay revenue bonds.

The Town has pledged, as security for a lease-purchase agreement entered into by the Camp Verde Sanitary District, a portion of the Town's sales tax. The lease-purchase agreement, executed by the Sanitary District in FY2007, was amended during FY2010. Per the amendment, the agreement is in the amount of \$2.04 million to provide financing for construction of a new wastewater treatment plant, outfall, and collector sewer lines, and is payable through 2032. The Town has committed to appropriate \$135,000 each year from sales tax revenues and state-shared revenues, to cover the principal and interest requirements on the Sanitary District's debt.

The Camp Verde Sanitary District has pledged, as the sole security for the lease-purchase agreement, the annual appropriations from the Town. Total principal and interest remaining on the District's debt is \$1.53 million. For the current year, principal and interest paid by the Sanitary District totaled \$118,664. Total sales tax and state-shared revenues recognized by the Town totaled \$5.3 million.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Federal Grants Fund borrowed \$9,817 from the General Fund monies for the purpose of paying reimbursable grant expenditures that will be repaid in the short term.

Interfund transfers – During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town transferred funds to cover shared expenses and interfund borrowings. Transfers made between funds during the year are as follows:

	Transfers from					
Transfers to		General Fund		HURF Fund		Total
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	1,232,147	\$	336,755	\$	1,568,902
Library Building Fund	·	237,000	·	-		237,000
Wastewater Fund		33,462		_		33,462
Total	\$	1,502,609	\$	336,755	\$	1,805,902

NOTE 10 – INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Individual funds with deficiencies in fund balance/net position at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Non-major special revenue funds	
Federal Grants Fund	\$ (29,569)

The deficiency in the Federal Grants Fund of the Non-major special revenue funds will be eliminated through reimbursements from Federal granting agencies.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION COMPONENTS

The Town's restrictions on net position in the government-wide statement of net position are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Restricted Net Position:		
Highway User Revenues	\$	1,309,959
Housing redevelopment:		
Loans Receivable		95,267
Other		35,460
Court Special Revenue:		
Court Enhancement		63,438
Fill the Gap		20,954
Local JCEF		42,197
Nonfederal grants		
Anti-racketeering		25,276
9-1-1		2,143
Library Building		1,205,274
Impact Fees:		
Parks and Recreation		104,081
Police Services		17,498
Donations:		
Animal Shelter		70
Camp Verde Marshal's Office		154
K-9		3,739
Library		11,774
Parks and Recreation		3,952
Safety fund		5,406
Economic development		409
Volunteers in Police Services		427
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	2,947,478

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION COMPONENTS – Continued

The components of governmental fund balances are as follows:

	Camaral	HURF	Library	Non-Major Govt'l Funds	Total Govt'l
Ending Fund belonger June 20, 2016	General	HURF	Building	Govt1 Funds	Funds
Ending Fund balances, June 30, 2016 Restricted for:					
	Φ	ф 1 200 ozo	Φ.	Ф	Ф 1 200 050
Highways and streets	\$ -	\$ 1,309,959	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,309,959
Housing redevelopment	-	-	-	35,460	35,460
Court special revenue					
Court enhancement	-	-	-	63,438	63,438
Fill the gap	-	-	-	20,954	20,954
Local JCEF	-	-	-	42,197	42,197
Nonfederal grants					
Anti-racketeering	-	-	-	25,276	25,276
9-1-1	-	-	-	2,143	2,143
Library building	-	-	1,205,274	-	1,205,274
Impact fees					
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	104,081	104,081
Police services	-	-	-	17,498	17,498
Donations					
Animal shelter	-	-	-	70	70
Camp Verde Marshal's office	-	-	-	154	154
K-9	-	_	_	3,739	3,739
Library	-	-	-	11,774	11,774
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	3,952	3,952
Safety fund	-	-	-	5,406	5,406
Economic development	-	_	_	409	409
Volunteers in police service	-	_	_	427	427
Total restricted		1,309,959	1,205,274	336,978	2,852,211
Committed for:					, , , ,
Legal defense	_	_		30,181	30,181
Total committed				30,181	30,181
Assigned for:					
Capital improvements	_	_		551,200	551,200
Total assigned				551,200	551,200
Unassigned:	2,917,783	_		(29,569)	2,888,214
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 2,917,783	\$ 1,309,959	\$ 1,205,274	\$ 888,790	\$ 6,321,806
Zinding I and Datanees	+ 2,717,703	+ 1,507,757	+ 1,200,271	\$ 000,770	+ 3,321,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Federal and State grants and loans</u> – The Town has received a number of grants from both the Federal and State governments. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment; however, the Town expects no material disallowance of expenditures.

<u>Lawsuits</u> – At times the Town is a defendant in various lawsuits, although the outcome of these lawsuits is not always determinable, in the opinion of the Town's legal counsel, any resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 14 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2016, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

		Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities				
	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type		_
		Activities	A	Activities		Total
Net pension liabilities	\$	6,024,863	\$	568,559	\$	6,593,422
Deferred outflows of resources		1,722,850		136,648		1,859,498
Deferred inflows of resources		426,124		48,014		474,138
Pension expense		897,738		87,361		985,099

The Town reported \$554,040 of pension expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at www.azasrs.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, longterm disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Retirement					
	Initial Membership Date:					
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011				
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55				
required to receive	10 years age 62	25 years age 60				
benefit	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62				
	any years age 65	5 years age 50*				
		Any years age 65				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months				
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				
	*With actuarially reduced benefits.					

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions - In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2016, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (11.35 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (10.85 percent for retirement, 0.50 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered The Town's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016,

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

were \$293,243. The Town's contributions for the current and two preceding years for OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

ASRS	Heal	th Benefit	Lon	ıg-Term
	Suppl	ement Fund	Disab	ility Fund
June 30, 2016	\$	16,367	\$	3,273
June 30, 2015		16,051		3,210
June 30, 2014		14,750		5,900

During fiscal year 2016, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 79.33 percent from the General Fund, 8.22 percent from the HURF Fund and 12.45 percent from the Wastewater Fund.

Pension Liability – At June 30, 2016, the Town reported a liability of \$4,568,105 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Town's proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was .029330 percent, which was an increase of .0008995 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$701,907. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 124,654	\$	239,373	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	-		146,398	
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	680,004		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 293,243		-	
Total	\$ 1,097,901	\$	385,771	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The \$293,243 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 358,766
2018	40,765
2019	(86,325)
2020	105,681
2021	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	3.0 - 6.75%
Inflation	3.0%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	58%	3.94%
Fixed income	25%	0.93%
Real estate	10%	0.08%
Multi-asset class	5%	0.42%
Commodities	2%	0.17%
Total	100%	•

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS Current			Current			
	10	% Decrease (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)		1% Increase (9.0%)	
Town's proportionate share of the net	<u>-</u>					
pension liability	\$	5,985,778	\$	4,568,105	\$	3,596,534

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – Town police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. The PSPRS issue publicly available financial reports that include their financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports are available on the PSPRS Web site at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial Membership Date:

		1
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012
Years of service and age	20 years any age	25 years and age 52.5
required to receive benefit	15 years age 62	
Final average salary is based	Highest 36 months of last	Highest 60 months of last
on	20 years	20 years
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental disability retirement	50% or normal retirem	nent, whichever is greater
Catastrophic disability retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduc	ed to either 62.5% or normal retirement,
Ordinary disability retirement	credited service, whichever is greater, m	al years of credited service or 20 years of nultiplied by years of credited service (not ars) divided by 20
Survivor Benefit:		
Retired Members	80% of retired men	mber's pension benefit
Active Members	-	nt benefit or 100% of average monthly ult of injuries received on the job

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, from and after December 31, 2015, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2016, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

PSPRS	
	PSPRS Police
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	7
Inactive employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	4
Active employees	18
Total	29

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2016, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS Police
Active Members - Pension	11.65%
Town	11.05 / 0
Pension	24.92%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.34%

For the agent plans, the Town's contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended June 30, 2016, were:

	PSPRS Police			
Pension				
Contributions Made	\$	276,886		
Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
Annual OPEB cost		3,214		
Contributions made		3,214		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

During fiscal year 2016, the Town paid for 100 percent of PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) – At June 30, 2016, the Town reported the following net pension liability:

	Net Pe	Net Pension Liability		
	<u> </u>	(Asset)		
PSPRS Police	\$	2,025,317		

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

In May 2016 voters approved Proposition 124 that authorized certain statutory adjustments to PSPRS' automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The statutory adjustments change the basis for future cost-of-living adjustments from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent. The change in the Town's net pension liability as a result of the statutory adjustments is not known.

Pension Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2015 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Discount rate 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4.0%-8.0%
Inflation 3.0%
Permanent benefit increase Included

Mortality rates RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105%

for both males and females)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.85 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	7 00 4	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. equity	16%	6.23%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.25%
Credit opportunities	13%	7.08%
Private Equity	11%	9.50%
Real estate	10%	4.48%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Real assets	8%	4.77%
Fixed Income	7%	2.92%
Absolute return	5%	4.11%
Risk parity	4%	5.13%
Short term investments	2%	0.75%
Total	100%	

Pension Discount Rates – The discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension liability was 7.85 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

PSPRS	Increase (Decrease)					
	· ·				Net Pension	
		Liability	N	et Position		Liability
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	4,852,992	\$	2,981,258	\$	1,871,734
Changes for the year						
Service Cost		164,394		-		164,394
Interest on the total pension liability		377,049		-		377,049
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the						
pension liability		39,167		-		39,167
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		-		-
Contributions-employer		-		225,914		(225,914)
Contributions-employee		-		96,283		(96,283)
Net investment income		-		110,474		(110,474)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(264,036)		(264,036)		-
Administrative expense		-		(3,075)		3,075
Other changes		=		(2,569)		2,569
Net changes		316,574		162,991		153,583
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	5,169,566	\$	3,144,249	\$	2,025,317

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension liabilities (assets) calculated using the discount rate of 7.85 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.85 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.85 percent) than the current rate:

PSPRS	Current					
	1%	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
PSPRS Police:			•			
Rate		6.85%		7.85%		8.85%
Net pension liability	\$	2,678,351	\$	2,025,317	\$	1,484,516

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Pension Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized the following pension expense:

	Pensi	on Expense
PSPRS - Police	\$	283,192

Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	63,850	\$	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		320,368		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		100,493		88,367
Changes in proportion and differences between		-		-
contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		276,886		-
Total	\$	761,597	\$	88,367

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSP	KS - Police
Year ended June 30:		_
2017	\$	68,478
2018		68,478
2019		68,479
2020		97,935
2021		72,811
Thereafter		20,163

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions – The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2016, were established by the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the plans' funded status and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as understood by the Town and plans' members and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the Town and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2015 contribution requirements are as follows:

PSPRS - OPEB Contribution Requirements

Actuarial valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

Level percent of

pay closed

Remaining amortization period 22 years for

unfunded, 20 years for

overfunded

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market

value; 80%/120% market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.85%
Projected salary increases 4.0%-8.0%
Wage growth 4.0%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information – Annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and two preceding years:

	Percentage of				
Fiscal Year End	Annual OPEB al Year End Cost		Annual Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
PSPRS Police:					
June 30, 2016	\$	-	100%	Unavailable	
June 30, 2015		8,409	100%	(9,199)	
June 30, 2014		10,822	100%	(18,018)	

Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status – The health insurance premium benefit plans' funded status as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2015, along with the actuarial assumptions and methods used in those valuations follow.

	PSPRS Police	
Actuarial value of assets (a)	\$	173,928
Actuarial accrued liability (b)	\$	164,729
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability		
(funding excess) (b) - (a)	\$	(9,199)
Funded ratio (a)/(b)		105.58%
Annual covered payroll (c)	\$	919,242
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability		
(funding excess) as a percentage of		
covered payroll (b) - (a) / (c)		0.00%

The actuarial methods and assumptions for the most recent valuation date are as follows:

PSPRS - OPEB Funded Status

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent of pay closed
Remaining amortization period	21 years for unfunded, 20 years for overfunded
Asset valuation method	7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.85%
Projected salary increases	4.0%-8.0%
Wage growth	4.0%



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenue				
Taxes	\$ 3,706,050	\$ 3,706,050	\$ 4,201,014	\$ 494,964
Intergovernmental	3,245,780	3,245,780	3,273,560	27,780
Fines and forfeitures	267,800	267,800	268,682	882
Licenses and permits	212,400	212,400	198,155	(14,245)
Charges for services	109,650	109,650	122,360	12,710
Investment income	11,000	11,000	23,835	12,835
Other revenue	32,765	32,765	184,507	151,742
Total revenue	7,585,445	7,585,445	8,272,113	686,668
Expenditures				
Marshal	2,651,801	2,651,801	2,528,114	123,687
Maintenance	569,849	569,849	566,427	3,422
Magistrate	373,153	373,153	358,019	15,134
Community development	482,783	482,783	417,502	65,281
Library	392,166	392,166	390,180	1,986
Risk management	389,731	389,731	285,153	104,578
Information technology	135,000	135,000	199,397	(64,397)
Parks and recreation	257,652	257,652	244,349	13,303
Town clerk	157,438	175,983	179,560	(3,577)
Town manager	160,341	168,041	168,395	(354)
Finance	294,759	294,759	287,296	7,463
Economic development	188,889	188,889	189,083	(194)
Non-departmental	249,850	197,720	223,541	(25,821)
Public works and streets	121,197	121,197	118,333	2,864
Storm water management	155,471	155,471	160,163	(4,692)
Mayor and council	46,228	79,813	78,230	1,583
Human resources	28,006	28,006	32,745	(4,739)
Total expenditures	6,654,314	6,662,014	6,426,487	235,527
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over (under) expenditures	931,131	923,431	1,845,626	922,195
Other financing sources				
Transfers in (out)	(957,656)	(957,967)	(1,502,609)	(544,642)
Total other financing				
sources	(957,656)	(957,967)	(1,502,609)	(544,642)
Net change in fund balances	(26,525)	(34,536)	343,017	377,553
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	2,574,766	2,574,766	2,574,766	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 2,548,241	\$ 2,540,230	\$ 2,917,783	\$ 377,553

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – HURF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenue				
Intergovernmental	\$ 847,000	\$ 847,000	880,724	33,724
Investment income	5,000	5,000	3,309	(1,691)
Other revenue	5,300	5,300	400	(4,900)
Total revenue	857,300	857,300	884,433	27,133
Expenditures				
Current	502 700	502 700	(14.001	(20.512)
Highways and streets	593,709	593,709	614,221	(20,512)
Capital outlay	3,000	3,000	27,738	(24,738)
Total expenditures	596,709	596,709	641,959	(45,250)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over (under) expenditures	260,591	260,591	242,474	(18,117)
Other financing sources				
Transfers in (out)	(531,932)	(531,932)	(336,755)	195,177
Total other financing				
sources	(531,932)	(531,932)	(336,755)	195,177
Net change in fund balances	(271,341)	(271,341)	(94,281)	177,060
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	1,404,240	1,404,240	1,404,240	
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 1,132,899	\$ 1,132,899	\$ 1,309,959	\$ 177,060

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Library Building Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual		ariance with
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	inal Budget
Revenue							
Contributions	\$ 375,000	\$	375,000	\$	416,867	\$	41,867
Investment income	 525		525		762		237
Total revenue	375,525		375,525		417,629		42,104
Expenditures							
Current							
Culture and recreation	-		-		215		(215)
Capital outlay	3,998,684		3,998,684		2,913,148		1,085,536
Total expenditures	3,998,684		3,998,684		2,913,363		1,085,321
Excess (deficiency) of revenue							
over (under) expenditures	(3,623,159)		(3,623,159)	((2,495,734)		1,127,425
Other financing sources							
Transfers in(out)			37,000		237,000		200,000
Total other financing							
sources			37,000		237,000		200,000
Net change in fund balances	(3,623,159)		(3,586,159)	((2,258,734)		1,327,425
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	3,464,008		3,464,008		3,464,008		
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ (159,151)	\$	(122,151)	\$	1,205,274	\$	1,327,425

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the Town to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Town Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations in individual funds. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Town Councils' approval. However, the Town Manager may approve budget reallocations within functional departments without the Town Councils' approval. The Town has exceeded appropriations in the HURF Fund (Major Fund) and Federal Grants Fund (Non-major Fund) for the year ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Town's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2016

Arizona State Retirement System

·	-	ng Fiscal Yea rement Date)	
	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2007
Town's proportion of the net pension liability Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 0.029330% 4,568,105	\$ 0.027452% 4,061,925	Information not available
Town's covered-employee payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,675,211 170.76%	\$ 2,474,579 164.15%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.49%	69.49%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2016

PSPRS

		_	•	ing Fiscal Y urement Da	
		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2007
Total pension liability					Information
Service cost	\$	164,394	\$	135,654	not available
Interest on the total pension liability		377,049		317,555	
Changes of benefit terms		- -		69,633	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability		39,167		41,958	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs				443,060	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		_		443,000	
contributions		(264,036)		(264,648)	
Net change in total pension liability		316,574		743,212	
Total pension liability - beginning		4,852,992		4,109,780	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	5,169,566		4,852,992	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	225,914	\$	170,919	
Contributions - employee	Ψ	96,283	ψ	79,176	
Net investment income		110,474		357,316	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		110,474		337,310	
contributions		(264,036)		(264,648)	
Administrative expense		(204,030) $(3,075)$		(204,046)	
Other changes		(2,569)		(88,819)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		162,991		253,944	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,981,258		2,727,314	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,144,249		2,981,258	
Train reductary net position. Chaing (b)	<u> </u>	3,111,217	=	2,>01,250	
Town's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,025,317	\$	1,871,734	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		60.82%		61.43%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	919,242	\$	873,953	
Town's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		220.32%		214.17%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension Contributions June 30, 2016

ASRS

			Reporting 1	Fisca	l Year	
	2016			2014	2013 through 2007	
Statutorily required contribution Town's contributions in relation to the statutorily required	\$ 293,243	\$	291,063	\$	264,780	Information not available
contribution	(293,243)		(291,063)		(264,780)	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,702,700	\$	2,675,211	\$	2,474,579	
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.85%		10.89%		10.70%	

PSPRS

		Reporting 1	Fisca	l Year	
	2016	2015		2014	2013 through 2007
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 276,886	\$ 234,078	\$	188,934	Information
Town's contributions in relation to the actuarially					not available
determined contribution	 (276,886)	 (234,078)		(188,934)	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$		
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,111,100	\$ 919,242	\$	873,953	
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered-employee					
payroll	24.92%	20.70%		21.62%	

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess

Remaining amortization period as of the 2014 actuarial valuation

22 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to

7.85%

Projected salary increases In 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5% -

8.5% to 4.0% - 8.0%

Wage growth In 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%.

In 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2016

Health Insurance Premium Benefit - PSPRS

	A	Actuarial									_	funded oility as
	•	Value of	A	Actuarial	I	Funding				Annual	Perce	ntage of
Actuarial		Plan	1	Accrued	(I	Liability)	Fund	led	(Covered	Co	vered
Valuation		Assets	I	Liability		Excess	Rat	io		Payroll	Pa	ıyroll
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/t)		(c)	([a	-b]/c)
06/30/15	\$	173,928	\$	164,729	\$	(9,199)	105	.6 %	\$	919,242		0.0 %
06/30/14		163,233		145,215		(18,018)	112	.4		873,954		0.00
06/30/13		-		72,549		72,549	0	0.0		706,486	1	0.27

Required Supplementary Information
Notes to Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress
June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE IDENTIFICATION OF TRENDS

Beginning in fiscal year 2014, PSPRS established separate funds for pension benefits and health insurance premium benefits. Previously, the plan recorded both pension and health insurance premium contributions in the same Pension Fund. During fiscal year 2014, the plan transferred prior-year health insurance premium benefit contributions that exceeded benefit payments from the plan's Pension Fund to the new Health Insurance Fund.



OTHER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Combining Balance Sheet – All Non-Major Governmental Funds By Fund Type June 30, 2016

ASSETS	F	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Improvement Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total Jon-major overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	355,296	\$	599,244	\$	-	\$ 954,540
Due from other governments Loans receivable		119,994 95,267		-		-	119,994 95,267
Total assets	\$	570,557	\$	599,244	\$	-	\$ 1,169,801
LIABILITIES			<u> </u>				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	25,594 9,817	\$	48,044	\$	- -	\$ 73,638 9,817
Total liabilities		35,411		48,044		-	83,455
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		197,556				-	 197,556
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		336,978		-		-	336,978
Committed		30,181		-		-	30,181
Assigned		-		551,200		-	551,200
Unassigned		(29,569)					(29,569)
Total fund balances		337,590		551,200			 888,790
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	570,557	\$	599,244	\$		\$ 1,169,801

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Non-Major Governmental Funds By Fund Type June 30, 2016

Damana		Special Revenue Funds		Capital provement Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total on-Major vernmental Funds
Revenue	¢	((5.70)	¢		¢		¢	CC5 70C
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	\$	665,706 29,183	\$	-	\$	-	\$	665,706 29,183
Contributions		9,771		-		-		9,771
Investment income		1,688		-		-		1,688
Other revenue		16,187		-		-		16,187
Total revenue		722,535	-			-		722,535
Expenditures				_		.		
Current								
General government		19,502		_		_		19,502
Public safety		43,088		_		-		43,088
Public works and streets		153,290		27,123		-		180,413
Health and welfare		_		, -		118,664		118,664
Culture and recreation		69,336		15,953		-		85,289
Economic and community development		23		-		-		23
Capital outlay		387,994		866,003		-		1,253,997
Principal		-		-		373,506		373,506
Interest		-				208,648		208,648
Total expenditures		673,233		909,079		700,818		2,283,130
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		49,302		(909,079)		(700,818)	(1,560,595)
Other financing sources								
Capital lease acquisition		=		530,000		-		530,000
Transfers (out)		342,834		525,250		700,818		1,568,902
Total other financing sources		342,834		1,055,250		700,818		2,098,902
Net change in fund balances		392,136		146,171		-		538,307
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		(54,546)		405,029				350,483
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	337,590	\$	551,200	\$		\$	888,790



NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (other than major capital projects). The funds are usually required by statute, ordinance, or federal grant regulation to finance specified activities of the Town. The Town maintains the following non-major Special Revenue funds.

<u>Housing Fund</u> – accounts for revolving loan funds as well as the revenues and expenditures related to the HOME Grant.

<u>Parks Fund</u> – accounts for all grants and contributions of financial resources related to the maintenance of the Town's parks.

<u>Court Special Revenue Fund</u>- accounts for Local JCEF, Fill the Gap and Court Enhancement revenues.

Nonfederal Grants Fund- accounts for all nonfederal grants received by the Town.

<u>Yavapai-Apache Gaming Compact Fund</u>- accounts for the gaming compact revenues received from the Yavapai-Apache Tribe.

<u>Federal Grants Fund</u>- accounts for the activity related to the Town's Federal grants with the exception of the Community Development Block Grant which is accounted for in a separate CDBG fund.

CDBG Fund- accounts for all CDBG grants received by the Town.

9-1-1 Fund- accounts for 9-1-1 distributions.

Impact Fee Fund- accounts for development impact fees.

<u>Donations Fund-</u> accounts for gifts, donations, bequests and private grants made to the Town.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

A CONTROL	I	Housing Fund	arks und	Court rial Revenue Fund	Nonfederal Grants Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,460	\$ -	\$ 121,993	\$	18,009
Due from other governments		-	-	76,963		7,267
Loans receivable		95,267	 -	 		-
Total assets	\$	130,727	\$ _	\$ 198,956	\$	25,276
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9	\$	-
Due to other funds		-	 _	-		_
Total liabilities			 	 9		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue		95,267	-	 72,358		
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		35,460	-	126,589		25,276
Committed		-	-	-		-
Unassigned		-	 	 -		
Total fund balances		35,460		 126,589		25,276
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	130,727	\$ _	\$ 198,956	\$	25,276

Yavapai-Apache Gaming Compact Fund		Federal Grants Fund		CDBG Grants		9-1-1 Fund		Impact Fee Fund		Donations Fund		Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	
\$	- - -	\$	35,764	\$	- - -	\$	2,143	\$ 121,579 - -	\$	56,112	\$	355,296 119,994 95,267	
\$	-	\$	35,764	\$	-	\$	2,143	\$ 121,579	\$	56,112	\$	570,557	
\$	- -	\$	25,585 9,817	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	25,594 9,817	
	-		35,402		-			 				35,411	
	-		29,931		-		<u>-</u>	 				197,556	
	-		-		- -		2,143	121,579		25,931 30,181		336,978 30,181	
			(29,569)		<u>-</u>		2,143	121,579		56,112		(29,569)	
\$		\$	35,764	\$		\$	2,143	\$ 121,579	\$	56,112	\$	570,557	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Housing Fund		Parks Fund	Court Special Revenue Fund			onfederal Grants Fund
Revenue							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	-	\$	-	\$	102,500
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		29,183		-
Contributions		-	-		-		-
Investment income		1,173	-		-		-
Other revenue		15,629	 _				-
Total revenue		16,802	 -		29,183		102,500
Expenditures							
Current			-				
General government		18,070	-		1,432		-
Public safety		-	-		-		10,152
Public works and streets		-			-		-
Culture and recreation		-	-		-		41,868
Economic and community development		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay		-	 -				2,000
Total expenditures		18,070	 		1,432		54,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(1,268)	_		27,751		48,480
•		(-,)		-		-	,
Other financing sources Transfers (out)			625,206		(150,000)		(75,000)
Total other financing							
sources		_	625,206		(150,000)		(75,000)
Net change in fund balances		(1,268)	625,206		(122,249)		(26,520)
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		36,728	 (625,206)		248,838		51,796
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	35,460	\$ -	\$	126,589	\$	25,276

Gamii	Yavapai-Apache Gaming Compact Fund		Federal Grants Fund		CDBG Grants		9-1-1 Fund	Impact Fee Fund		Donations Fund		on-Major ial Revenue Funds
\$	20,629	\$	282,145	2	260,432	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	665,706
	-		-		-		-	-		-		29,183
	-		-		-		-	-		9,771		9,771
	-		-		-		-	491		24		1,688
	-		- 202 145		-	-		 -		558		16,187
	20,629		282,145		260,432			 491		10,353		722,535
	-		-		-		-	-		-		19,502
	-		32,936		-		-	-		-		43,088
	-		153,290		-		-	-		-		153,290
	-		22,755		-		-	-		4,713		69,336
	-		23		-		-	-		-		23
			47,906		296,023			 42,065				387,994
			256,910	2	296,023		<u>-</u>	42,065		4,713		673,233
	20,629		25,235		(35,591)			 (41,574)		5,640		49,302
	(47,442)		(12,435)		35,591			 (69,047)		35,961		342,834
	(47,442)		(12,435)		35,591			(69,047)		35,961		342,834
	(26,813)		12,800		-		-	(110,621)		41,601		392,136
	26,813		(42,369)		_		2,143	232,200		14,511		(54,546)
\$		\$	(29,569)	\$		\$	2,143	\$ 121,579	\$	56,112	\$	337,590

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Housing Fund						Parks Fund					
	Budge	et	A	Actual	Po	riance - ositive egative)		Budget	Ac	etual	I	ariance - Positive Vegative)
Revenue	•		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Contributions	1 (-		1 172		172		-		-		-
Investment income Other revenue	1,0 15,6	000		1,173 15,629		173 29		-		-		-
Total revenue	16,6			16,802		202						
	10,0	000		10,602		202						
Expenditures												
Current	25.0	000		10.070		6.020						
General government	25,0)00		18,070		6,930		-		-		-
Public safety Public works and streets		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-		-		-
Economic and community development Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	25,0	-		18,070		6,930						
	25,0	000		10,070		0,930						
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	(0	100		(1.2.50)		5 400						
over (under) expenditures	(8,2	100)		(1,268)		7,132						
Other financing sources												
Transfers in(out)						_			6	25,206		625,206
Total other financing												
sources				_		-			6	25,206		625,206
Net change in fund balances	(8,4	100)		(1,268)		7,132		-	6	25,206		625,206
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	36,7	728		36,728		-		(625,206)	(6	25,206)		
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ 28,3	328	\$	35,460	\$	7,132	\$	(625,206)	\$		\$	625,206

	Court	Special Revenu	ie Fund		Non	feder	al Grants Fu	nd		YAG Compact Fund					
<u>I</u>	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual		variance - Positive Negative)		Budget		Actual	F	ariance - Positive (egative)
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	288,000	\$	102,500	\$	(185,500)	\$	_	\$	20,629	\$	20,629
	46,368	29,183	(17,185)		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	46,368	29,183	(17,185)		288,000		102,500		(185,500)				20,629		20,629
	8,700	1,432	7,268		188,000		-		188,000		4,197		-		4,197
	-	-	-		35,325		10,152		25,173		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		50,000		41,868		8,132		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		2 000		(2.000)		-		-		-
	8,700	1,432	7,268		273,325		2,000 54,020		(2,000) 219,305		4,197				4,197
	8,700	1,432	7,208	-	213,323		34,020		219,303		4,197				4,197
	37,668	27,751	(9,917)		14,675		48,480		33,805		(4,197)		20,629		24,826
(150,000)	(150,000)			(75,000)		(75,000)				(16,875)		(47,442)		(30,567)
(150,000)	(150,000)			(75,000)		(75,000)				(16,875)		(47,442)		(30,567)
(112,332)	(122,249)	(9,917)		(60,325)		(26,520)		33,805		(21,072)		(26,813)		(5,741)
	248,838	248,838	- · · · · ·		51,796		51,796		· _		26,813		26,813		-
	136,506	\$ 126,589	\$ (9,917)	\$	(8,529)	\$	25,276	\$	33,805	\$	5,741	\$		\$	(5,741)
Ψ	,	÷ 120,000	· (>,>17)	Ψ	(0,02)		20,2.0	_	22,002	<u> </u>	ε,, .1	—		¥	(2,7.17)

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

	Federal Grants Fund						CDBG					
	Budget		Actual]	ariance - Positive Negative)	Budget		Actual]	ariance - Positive Negative)
Revenue												
Intergovernmental	\$	179,925	\$	282,145	\$	102,220	\$	259,200	\$	260,432	\$	1,232
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other revenue		-		-						_		
Total revenue		179,925		282,145		102,220		259,200		260,432		1,232
Expenditures												
Current												
General government		-		-		_		-		-		-
Public safety		71,000		32,936		38,064		-		-		-
Public works and streets		19,571		153,290		(133,719)		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		22,755		(22,755)		-		-		-
Economic and community development		21,425		23		21,402		-		-		-
Capital outlay		64,754		47,906		16,848		411,200		296,023		115,177
Total expenditures		176,750		256,910		(80,160)		411,200		296,023		115,177
Excess (deficiency) of revenue												
over (under) expenditures		3,175		25,235		22,060		(152,000)		(35,591)		116,409
Other financing sources												
Transfers (out)		(12,435)		(12,435)				152,000	_	35,591		(116,409)
Total other financing												
sources		(12,435)		(12,435)				152,000		35,591		(116,409)
Net change in fund balances		(9,260)		12,800		22,060		-		-		-
Fund balances, July 1, 2015	1	(42,369)		(42,369)								
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	(51,629)	\$	(29,569)	\$	22,060	\$	-	\$	_	\$	

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

9-1-1 Fund					Impact Fee Fund					Donations Fund						
Bu	Budget Act		ual	Pos	ance - sitive gative)	Budget Actual			Variance - Positive (Negative)		Budget		Actual		I	ariance - Positive Vegative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-	-		- -		-		25,300		9,771		(15,529)
	-		-		-	199		491		292				24		24
	-		-		-			-				-		558		558
					-	199		491		292		25,300		10,353		(14,947)
			_		_	_		_		_						_
	2,143		_		2,143	-		-		-		8,268		-		8,268
	_		-		-	_		-		_		-		-		-
	-		-		-	-		-		-		29,501		4,713		24,788
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	_		_		-	163,300		42,065		121,235		_		_		_
	2,143				2,143	163,300		42,065		121,235		37,769		4,713		33,056
	(2,143)				2,143	(163,101)		(41,574)		121,527		(12,469)		5,640		18,109
					-	(69,000)		(69,047)		(47)				35,961		(35,961)
	_		<u>-</u>		-	(69,000)		(69,047)		(47)				35,961		(35,961)
-	(2,143)		-	_	2,143	(232,101)		(110,621)		121,480		(12,469)		41,601		(17,852)
	2,143		2,143		-	232,200		232,200		-		14,511		14,511		-
\$	-	\$	2,143	\$	2,143 \$	99	\$	121,579	\$	121,480	\$	2,042	\$	56,112	\$	(17,852)

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Continued)

				Totals				
	BudgetActual				Variance - Positive (Negative)			
Revenue								
Intergovernmental	\$	727,125	\$	665,706	\$	(61,419)		
Fines and forfeitures		46,368		29,183		(17,185)		
Contributions		25,300		9,771		(15,529)		
Investment income		1,199		1,688		489		
Other revenue		15,600		16,187		587		
Total revenue		815,592		722,535		(93,057)		
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		225,897		19,502		206,395		
Public safety		116,736		43,088		73,648		
Public works and streets		19,571		153,290		(133,719)		
Culture and recreation		79,501		69,336		10,165		
Economic and comm. develop.		21,425		23		21,402		
Capital outlay		639,254		387,994		251,260		
Total expenditures		1,102,384		673,233		429,151		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over (under) expenditures		(286,792)		49,302		336,094		
Other financing sources								
Transfers (out)		(171,310)		342,834		514,144		
Total other financing								
sources		(171,310)		342,834		(182,984)		
Net change in fund balances		(458,102)		392,136		153,110		
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		570,660		(54,546)		-		
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	112,558	\$	337,590	\$	153,110		

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u>- accounts for all financial resources of the Town related to purchasing assets that meet the appropriate threshold for capitalization and take more than one year to make ready for use by the Town.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Non-Major Capital Improvement Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Capital Improvement Fund										
]	Budget		Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)						
Expenditures											
Current											
Public works and streets	\$	13,274	\$	27,123	\$	(13,849)					
Culture and recreation		-		15,953		(15,953)					
Capital outlay		994,384		866,003		128,381					
Total expenditures	1,007,658			909,079		98,579					
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	(]	1,007,658)		(909,079)		98,579					
Other financing sources											
Capital lease acquisition		-		530,000		530,000					
Transfers in (out)		603,969		525,250		(78,719)					
Total other financing											
sources		603,969		1,055,250		(78,719)					
Net change in fund balances		(403,689)		146,171		549,860					
Fund balances, July 1, 2015		405,029		405,029							
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$	1,340	\$	551,200	\$	549,860					

NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>- accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual – Non-Major Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Debt Service Fund									
	Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)							
Expenditures										
Current										
Health and welfare	118,664	118,664	-							
Debt service										
Principal	1,742,690	373,506	1,369,184							
Interest	247,239	208,648	38,591							
Total expenditures	2,108,593	700,818	1,407,775							
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	(2,108,593)	(700,818)	1,407,775_							
Other financing sources										
Transfers in	767,034	700,818	(66,216)							
Total other financing										
sources	767,034	700,818	(66,216)							
Net change in fund balances	(1,341,559)	-	1,341,559							
Fund balances, July 1, 2015										
Fund balances, June 30, 2016	\$ (1,341,559)	\$ -	\$ 1,341,559							

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Wastewater Fund - accounts for the costs to operate, construct, and finance the Town's wastewater treatment system.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual – Wastewater Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Wastewater Fund	
	Budget	Actual	Variance- Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues			
Sewer charges	\$ 1,008,300	\$ 1,084,976	\$ 76,676
Miscellaneous	804,884	877	(804,007)
Total operating revenues	1,813,184	1,085,853	(727,331)
Operating expenses			
Personnel	503,748	564,564	(60,816)
Materials and supplies	93,910	112,882	(18,972)
Professional services	103,570	36,224	67,346
Utilities	120,400	107,524	12,876
Insurance	22,000	22,000	-
Other	66,970	35,510	31,460
Repairs and maintenance	1,165,475	127,550	1,037,925
Depreciation	745,000	721,452	23,548
Total operating expenses	2,821,073	1,727,706	1,093,367
Operating income (loss)	(1,007,889)	(641,853)	366,036
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest income	1,200	1,042	(158)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(1,006,689)	(640,811)	365,878
Capital contributions	-	316,450	316,450
Transfer in	260,000	33,462	(226,538)
Increase (decrease) in net position	(746,689)	(290,899)	455,790
Total net position, beginning of year	18,430,224	18,430,224	
Total net position, end of year	\$ 17,683,535	\$ 18,139,325	\$ 455,790

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

<u>Employee Assistance Fund</u> – accounts for monies received from employees for providing other employees monetary assistance when in special need exists.

<u>Camp Verde Sanitary District Fund</u>- accounts for monies received from Sanitary District property tax revenues for the purpose of meeting the Districts debt service requirements.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities **Agency Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2016

Employee Assistance Fund	Beginning Balance			dditions	De	eductions	Ending Balance
Assets							
Restricted cash and investments	\$	12,424	\$	4,459	\$	3,000	\$ 13,883
Total assets	\$	12,424	\$	4,459	\$	3,000	\$ 13,883
Liabilities							
Deposit held for employees payable	\$	12,424	\$	4,459	\$	3,000	\$ 13,883
Total liabilities	\$	12,424	\$	4,459	\$	3,000	\$ 13,883
Camp Verde Sanitary District Fund							
Assets							
Restricted cash and investments	\$	729,073	\$	1,185,138	\$	1,297,008	\$ 617,203
Total assets	\$	729,073	\$	1,185,138	\$	1,297,008	\$ 617,203
Liabilities							
Deposit held for debt service payments	\$	729,073	\$	1,185,138	\$	1,297,008	\$ 617,203
Total liabilities	\$	729,073	\$	1,185,138	\$	1,297,008	\$ 617,203

STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the Town's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Town's ability to generate revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the Town's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the Town's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the Town's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other municipalities.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the Town's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the Town's financial information relates to the services provided by the Town.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30											
	2016	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	2007	
Governmental activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,264,826	\$ 11,390,529	\$ 10,488,341	\$ 10,132,430	\$ 9,300,597	\$ 8,422,141	\$ 7,963,191	\$ 7,953,980	\$ 7,929,411	\$ 4,720,012	
Restricted	2,947,478	5,567,076	2,270,348	2,460,792	2,719,944	2,545,163	1,838,636	1,375,836	1,219,728	3,967,997	
Unrestricted	(3,103,846)	(5,937,276)	2,411,149	2,263,284	1,946,642	2,376,365	3,626,780	3,845,605	3,915,724	3,244,968	
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 12,108,458	\$ 11,020,329	\$ 15,169,838	\$ 14,856,506	\$ 13,967,183	\$ 13,343,669	\$ 13,428,607	\$ 13,175,421	\$ 13,064,863	\$ 11,932,977	
Business-type activities:											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 17,609,349 -	\$ 18,069,267 -	\$ 18,613,499 -	N/A							
Unrestricted	529,976	360,957	834,434								
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 18,139,325	\$ 18,430,224	\$ 19,447,933	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 29,874,175	\$ 29,459,796	\$ 29,101,840	\$ 10,132,430	\$ 9,300,597	\$ 8,422,141	\$ 7,963,191	\$ 7,953,980	\$ 7,929,411	\$ 4,720,012	
Restricted	2,947,478	5,567,076	2,270,348	2,460,792	2,719,944	2,545,163	1,838,636	1,375,836	1,219,728	3,967,997	
Unrestricted	(2,573,870)	(5,576,319)	3,245,583	2,263,284	1,946,642	2,376,365	3,626,780	3,845,605	3,915,724	3,244,968	
Total net position	\$ 30,247,783	\$ 29,450,553	\$ 34,617,771	\$ 14,856,506	\$ 13,967,183	\$ 13,343,669	\$ 13,428,607	\$ 13,175,421	\$ 13,064,863	\$ 11,932,977	

Source: The Town's financial records.

Note: The Town took over the Camp Verde Sanitary District Operations July 1, 2013 and classifies them above as business-type activities.

Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net Expense Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year Ende	ed June 30					
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	<u>2007</u>
Net Expense	\$ (6,272,852)	\$ (6,954,900)	\$ (5,931,898)	\$ (4,575,682)	\$ (3,712,306)	\$ (4,599,760)	\$ (4,748,185)	\$ (5,621,137)	\$ (4,860,045)	\$ (5,494,811)
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Sales taxes	3,915,180	2,863,839	2,597,901	2,544,473	1,738,752	1,763,488	1,961,610	2,163,948	2,314,337	2,586,474
Franchise taxes	285,834	266,973	267,059	250,327	245,501	243,353	239,946	238,072	237,227	219,502
State shared revenues	3,020,345	2,942,726	2,758,435	2,567,890	2,325,940	2,441,489	2,755,897	3,091,906	3,154,857	2,919,698
Investment earnings	29,593	15,456	27,714	33,251	13,787	12,985	19,964	3,614	220,900	313,860
Miscellaneous	80,456	7,086	13,090	69,009	11,840	53,507	23,954	239,099	64,610	8,242
Loss on Sale of Assets	(262,368)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	(33,462)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total governmental activities	7,035,578	6,096,080	5,664,199	5,464,950	4,335,820	4,514,822	5,001,371	5,736,639	5,991,931	6,047,776
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	1,042	909	1,621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special item*	-	-	20,077,637	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	33,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	34,504	909	1,621	-	-	-	-			
Changes in Net Position	\$ 797,230	\$ (857,911)	\$ (266,078)	\$ 889,268	\$ 623,514	\$ (84,938)	\$ 253,186	\$ 115,502	\$ 1,131,886	\$ 552,965

Source: The Town's financial records.

Note: * - The Town took over the Camp Verde Sanitary District (CVSD) Operations July 1, 2013. In doing so, just over \$20 million in assets were transferred to the Town. All debt, however, remains with CVSD and is not a part of the Town's liabilities.

General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Voar Endod June 30

				Fiscal Year Ende	ed June 30					
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007
Net Expense	\$ (6,272,852)	\$ (6,954,900)	\$ (5,931,898)	\$ (4,575,682)	\$ (3,712,306)	\$ (4,599,760)	\$ (4,748,185)	\$ (5,621,137)	\$ (4,860,045)	\$ (5,494,811)
General Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Sales taxes	3,915,180	2,863,839	2,597,901	2,544,473	1,738,752	1,763,488	1,961,610	2,163,948	2,314,337	2,586,474
Franchise taxes	285,834	266,973	267,059	250,327	245,501	243,353	239,946	238,072	237,227	219,502
State shared revenues	3,020,345	2,942,726	2,758,435	2,567,890	2,325,940	2,441,489	2,755,897	3,091,906	3,154,857	2,919,698
Investment earnings	29,593	15,456	27,714	33,251	13,787	12,985	19,964	3,614	220,900	313,860
Miscellaneous	80,456	7,086	13,090	69,009	11,840	53,507	23,954	239,099	64,610	8,242
Loss on Sale of Assets	(262,368)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers	(33,462)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total governmental activities	7,035,578	6,096,080	5,664,199	5,464,950	4,335,820	4,514,822	5,001,371	5,736,639	5,991,931	6,047,776
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	1,042	909	1,621	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special item*	-	-	20,077,637	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	33,462	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	34,504	909	1,621	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in Net Position	\$ 797,230	\$ (857,911)	\$ (266,078)	\$ 889,268	\$ 623,514	\$ (84,938)	\$ 253,186	\$ 115,502	\$ 1,131,886	\$ 552,965

Source: The Town's financial records.

Note: * - The Town took over the Camp Verde Sanitary District (CVSD) Operations July 1, 2013. In doing so, just over \$20 million in assets were transferred to the Town. All debt, however, remains with CVSD and is not a part of the Town's liabilities.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

				F	iscal Year E	nded	June 30					
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		2013		2012	<u>2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Fund:	·	·			·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· ·	· ·	·
Reserved									\$ 996,886	\$ 632,000	\$ 832,000	\$ -
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,096				
Restricted	-	-	-		-		-	-				
Committed	-	662,091	662,056		632,000		632,000	1,033,628				
Assigned	-	-	-		-		-	-				
Unassigned	2,917,783	1,912,675	1,844,848		1,621,049		1,284,934	1,950,054	2,352,892	2,990,296	2,732,574	3,518,376
Total General Fund	\$ 2,917,783	\$ 2,574,766	\$ 2,506,904	\$	2,253,049	\$	1,916,934	\$ 3,005,778	\$ 3,349,778	\$ 3,622,296	\$ 3,564,574	\$ 3,518,376
All Other Governmental Funds:												
Reserved									\$ 571,720	\$ 431,852	\$ 348,869	\$ 186,537
Unreserved, reported in:												
HURF fund									924,322	606,419	463,892	(122,328)
Parks fund									(339,161)	(326,933)	(744,077)	1,660,258
Housing grant fund									77,166	57,800	-	-
Non-major Special revenue funds									294,374	296,350	445,566	336,599
Non-major Capital projects funds									602,214	589,141	1,212,018	1,719,178
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			\$	79,345	\$ 83,198				
Restricted	2,852,211	5,456,179	2,143,445		2,473,096		2,483,485	2,294,509				
Committed	30,181	-	11,214		686,629		694,215	185,200				
Assigned	551,200	431,842	491,190		-		-	-				
Unassigned	(29,569)	(669,290)	(614,955)		(587,984)		(378,467)	(559,961)				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,404,023	\$ 5,218,731	\$ 2,030,894	\$	2,571,741	\$	2,878,578	\$ 2,002,946	\$ 2,130,635	\$ 1,654,629	\$ 1,726,268	\$ 3,780,244

Source: The Town's financial records.

Note: The Town implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Governmental Funds RevenuesLast Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Taxes	\$ 4,201,014	\$ 3,130,812	\$ 2,864,959	\$ 2,794,799	\$ 1,984,253	\$ 2,006,841	\$ 2,201,557	\$ 2,402,020	\$ 2,551,564	\$ 2,805,976
Intergovernmental	4,819,990	4,547,353	4,208,755	4,282,074	4,038,813	3,899,960	4,158,619	4,729,287	5,270,363	4,306,962
Fines and forfeits	297,865	234,142	275,700	372,122	335,496	278,736	297,058	257,625	342,149	535,170
Licenses and permits	198,155	174,518	160,321	159,532	123,738	102,725	106,006	184,016	150,852	242,345
Charges for services	122,360	86,718	92,682	86,994	86,787	82,052	110,892	248,940	227,056	292,339
Contributions and donations	426,638	70,544	17,389	16,478	361,292	106,964	26,009	45,397	75,038	70,100
Investment income	29,594	15,456	27,714	33,251	13,787	12,984	19,964	3,614	220,900	313,860
Other	201,094	36,828	68,768	58,742	36,021	153,035	28,832	147,416	116,630	65,660
Total revenues	\$ 10,296,710	\$ 8,296,371	\$ 7,716,288	\$ 7,803,992	\$ 6,980,187	\$ 6,643,297	\$ 6,948,937	\$ 8,018,315	\$ 8,954,552	\$ 8,632,412

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2016 2015 2014 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2013 **Expenditures:** Current -General government 2,550,697 \$ 2,630,384 \$ 2,316,759 \$ 2,307,763 \$ 2,064,569 \$ 2,333,981 \$ 2,081,749 \$ 2,225,758 \$ 2,075,036 \$ 2,190,340 2,080,685 Public safety 2,560,276 2,613,138 2,400,085 2,222,092 2,148,531 2,283,648 2,286,640 2,322,781 2,136,825 Public works and streets 1,056,558 815,101 741,300 655,285 688,127 528,172 625,582 682,696 1,072,780 1,583,979 Health and welfare 123,664 123,700 131,233 136,266 131,300 131,332 107,603 14,527 77,523 10,000 680,810 508,581 579,516 Culture and recreation 720,032 634,283 623,996 637,130 857,850 1,141,267 1,102,211 Economic and community development 455,170 352,412 415,069 465,074 391,601 345,807 469,503 816,146 531,984 434,940 Capital outlay 4,254,033 860,979 969,031 1,801,828 913,146 2,059,278 396,478 846,250 3,588,221 625,952 Debt service -375,191 Principal retirement 326,949 319,327 164,828 302,011 141,408 117,470 92,985 90,452 41,424 Interest and fiscal charges 209,419 78,312 118,067 116,056 84,722 103,044 89,070 92,185 94,061 95,054 Bond issuance costs 25,000 8,547,920 10,994,105 Total expenditures 12,264,939 8,011,399 8,540,098 7,193,399 8,328,223 \$ 6,808,233 7,915,037 8,220,725 Expenditures for capitalized assets 4,254,033 860,979 969,031 1,801,828 913,146 1,884,647 280,572 302,307 3,415,762 305,602 Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 7% 5% 6% 4% 6% 4% 3% 2% 2% 2%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fis	cal Year Ended Ju	ıne 30					
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	2007
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (1,968,229)	\$ (251,549)	\$ (295,111)	\$ (736,106)	\$ (213,212)	\$ (1,684,926)	\$ 140,704	\$ 103,278	\$ (2,039,553)	\$ 411,687
Other financing sources (uses):										
Capital lease agreements	530,000	-	8,838	764,664	-	208,237	62,784	18,459	-	42,123
Proceeds of long-term debt issuance	-	4,904,000	-	-	-	1,005,000	-	-	-	-
Payments to Refunding Bond Trustee	-	(1,396,752)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,618,470	894,208	641,103	266,480	1,729,132	411,442	499,244	1,219,431	1,974,620	71,915
Transfers out	(1,651,932)	(894,208)	(641,103)	(266,480)	(1,729,132)	(411,442)	(499,244)	(1,219,431)	(1,942,845)	(71,915)
Total other financing sources (uses)	496,538	3,507,248	8,838	764,664	-	1,213,237	62,784	18,459	31,775	42,123
Changes in fund balances	\$ (1,471,691)	\$ 3,255,699	\$ (286,273)	\$ 28,558	\$ (213,212)	\$ (471,689)	\$ 203,488	\$ 121,737	\$ (2,007,778)	\$ 453,810

Tax Revenues by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	2016	<u>2015</u>	2014	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>	2010	2009	2008	2007
Retail Trade	\$ 1,569,254	\$ 1,203,872	\$ 1,142,430	\$ 1,105,685	\$ 790,896	\$ 788,663	\$ 826,271	\$ 1,079,122	\$ 1,102,511	\$ 1,257,358
Restaurants & Bars	708,520	520,320	473,070	437,452	309,169	301,925	307,921	319,393	324,358	321,300
Communications & Utilities	394,159	269,845	230,848	251,911	127,280	167,542	150,683	118,950	135,303	136,274
Construction	366,968	212,866	182,702	236,112	128,008	142,535	353,081	307,651	430,671	512,790
Real Estate, Rental & Leasing	215,991	173,914	170,109	170,973	147,728	134,821	140,596	122,225	111,852	121,702
Accommodation	239,218	207,993	138,850	131,748	88,626	84,609	110,798	142,302	148,694	139,946
Arts & Entertainment	167,769	134,961	114,106	92,444	59,604	62,416	53,087	62,039	56,874	52,342
Manufacturing	15,015	67,644	75,231	72,694	57,808	52,222	55,908	53,684	68,785	64,840
Use Tax	151,626	N/A								
Other	86,660	 71,912	67,486	 42,385	 26,309	 28,756	 36,839	 54,597	81,322	 102,832
Total	\$ 3,915,180	\$ 2,863,327	\$ 2,594,832	\$ 2,541,404	\$ 1,735,428	\$ 1,763,489	\$ 2,035,184	\$ 2,259,964	\$ 2,460,371	\$ 2,709,385
Total revenue % growth by year	36.7%	10.3%	2.1%	46.4%	-1.6%	-13.3%	-9.9%	-8.1%	-9.2%	-5.8%

Source: The Town's financial records and the Arizona Dept. of Revenue.

Note: See tax rate changes on the following page.

Use Tax was separated out as a new category in FY16. Prior to FY16, most Use Tax Revenues were included in Retail Trade.

Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	City	Franchise	Accomodation/	
Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	Tax	Bed Tax	Total
2016	\$ 3,675,962	\$ 285,834	\$ 239,218	\$ 4,201,014
2015	2,655,846	266,973	207,993	3,130,812
2014	2,459,051	267,059	138,850	2,864,960
2013	2,412,725	250,327	131,748	2,794,800
2012	1,650,126	245,501	88,626	1,984,253
2011	1,678,879	243,353	84,609	2,006,841
2010	1,850,812	239,946	110,798	2,201,556
2009	2,021,646	238,072	142,302	2,402,020
2008	2,165,643	237,227	148,694	2,551,564
2007	2,446,528	219,502	139,946	2,805,976

Source: The Town's financial records and the Arizona Dept. of Revenue.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

Fiscal						
Year		Town of Ca	mp Verde			
Ended			Real Property		Yavapai	Arizona
June 30	Sales Tax	Hospitality	Rentals	Construction	County	State
2016	3.65	6.65	2.00	3.65	0.75	5.60
2015	3.65	6.65	2.00	3.65	0.75	5.60
2014	3.00	6.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	5.60
2013	3.00	6.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	5.60
2012	2.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	6.60
2011	2.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	6.60
2010	2.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	6.60
2009	2.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	5.60
2008	2.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	5.60
2007	2.00	4.00	2.00	3.00	0.75	5.60

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities				Total Outstanding Debt					
									Percentage			
Fiscal	Revenue	Capital	Loans	_	Bonds		Notes	Total	of Personal	Per		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	Leases	Payable	P	ayable	P	ayable	Debt	<u>Income</u>	Capita		
2016	\$ 5,533,522	\$ 795,481	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,329,003	N/A	N/A		
2015	5,702,227	471,967	-		-		-	6,174,194	0.08%	563		
2014	2,281,084	625,670	-		-		-	2,906,754	0.04%	266		
2013	2,446,200	770,465	-		-		-	3,216,665	0.05%	293		
2012	2,600,000	11,463	5,276		-		-	2,616,739	0.04%	240		
2011	2,685,000	224,305	9,665		-		-	2,918,970	0.04%	269		
2010	1,765,000	68,502	13,638		-		-	1,847,140	0.03%	170		
2009	1,845,000	39,592	17,234		-		-	1,901,826	0.03%	175		
2008	1,925,000	30,862	20,490		-		-	1,976,352	0.03%	181		
2007	2,005,000	38,367	23,437		-		-	2,066,804	0.03%	191		

Source: The Town's financial records.

Note: FY16 population information was not available at the time the audit was completed.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Total Bonds	Per Capita
2016	\$ 5,533,522	\$ 5,533,522	N/A
2015	5,702,227	5,702,227	520
2014	2,281,084	2,281,084	209
2013	2,446,200	2,446,200	223
2012	2,600,000	2,600,000	239
2011	2,685,000	2,685,000	247
2010	1,765,000	1,765,000	162
2009	1,845,000	1,845,000	170
2008	1,925,000	1,925,000	177
2007	2,005,000	2,005,000	185

Source: The Town's financial records.

Note: FY16 population information was not available at the time the audit

was completed.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2016

Governmental Unit		Debt outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Town	Estimated Amount pplicable to Town
Overlapping: Yavapai County Community College* Camp Verde Unified School District Camp Verde Fire District Camp Verde Sanitary District Total Overlapping Debt	\$ \$ \$	43,365,000 - - - 10,803,538	2.6% 91.7% 100.0% 100.0%	\$ 1,106,400 - - 10,803,538 11,909,938
Direct: Town of Camp Verde Total Direct and Overlapping Debt		5,533,522	100.0%	\$ 5,533,522 17,443,460

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue (azdor.gov) Bonded Indebtedness report

Yavapai County Assessor's Office

Note: * - FY15 debt amount was used as the information for FY16 was not yet available.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30													
6% Debt Limit										_			
Primary Assessded Value (HIDE) Debt Limit	2016 62,620,674 3,757,240	2015 61,464,859 3,687,892	2014 61,658,697 3,699,522	2013 65,576,506 3,934,590	2012 71,284,066 4,277,044	2011 81,699,851 4,901,991	2010 93,710,990 5,622,659	2009 110,746,846 6,644,811	2008 106,919,901 6,415,194	2007 73,375,205 4,402,512			
Total applicable to limit		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Legal debt margin	3,757,240	3,687,892	3,699,522	3,934,590	4,277,044	4,901,991	5,622,659	6,644,811	6,415,194	4,402,512			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			
		Fiscal Year Ended June 30											
20% Debt Limit	2016	<u>2015</u>	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007			
Debt Limit	12,524,135	12,292,972	12,331,739	13,115,301	14,256,813	16,339,970	18,742,198	22,149,369	21,383,980	14,675,041			
Total applicable to limit			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		-			
Legal debt margin	12,524,135	12,292,972	12,331,739	13,115,301	14,256,813	16,339,970	18,742,198	22,149,369	21,383,980	14,675,041			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			

Source: The Town's financial records and the Yavapai County Assessor's Office.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	Excise Tax Revenue			Debt S			
<u>Year</u>			F	rincipal		nterest	Coverage %
0040	Φ.	7.004.050	Φ.	400 700	Φ.	407.470	00
2016	\$	7,221,359	\$	168,706	\$	197,473	20
2015		6,073,538		172,857		66,610	25
2014		5,623,395		165,115		105,755	21
2013		5,362,690		153,800		112,998	20
2012		4,310,193		85,000		102,793	23
2011		4,448,330		85,000		82,725	27
2010		4,957,453		80,000		85,250	30
2009		5,493,926		80,000		87,600	33
2008		5,706,421		80,000		89,650	34
2007		5,725,674		35,000		91,475	45

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Demographic and Economic Statistics – Yavapai County Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Town of Camp Verde Population	Yavapai County Population	County Personal Income (1)		County Per Capita Income		County Unemployment Rate		
2015	10.970	217,778	\$	7.900.004	\$	36.275	5.4	%	
2014	10,925	218,844	•	7,172,392	Ψ	32,774	6.3		
2013	10,960	215,389		6,811,155		31,623	8.0	%	
2012	10,883	212,530		6,800,376		31,997	8.6	%	
2011	10,849	210,867		6,498,204		30,817	9.8	%	
2010	10,875	210,137		6,245,478		29,721	10.9	%	
2009	10,871	211,172		6,272,906		29,705	10.3	%	
2008	10,892	211,211		6,602,128		31,258	6.0	%	
2007	10,829	208,773		6,602,162		31,624	3.6	%	
2006	10,596	204,082		6,058,552		29,687	3.9	%	

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis (bea.gov)

Arizona Office of Employment & Population Statistics (azstats.gov)

Note: (1) - In thousands of dollars

Information for FY16 was not available at the time of printing.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Principal Employers – Yavapai County Current, Prior, & Nine Years Ago Fiscal Years

		2016	2015	2007	
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total Employment	Employees	Employees	
Cliff Castle Casino & Hotel	395	13.8 %	327	N/A	
Yavapai County	277	9.6	N/A	N/A	
Yavapai-Apache Nation	212	7.4	294	N/A	
Camp Verde School District	216	7.5	227	N/A	
Town of Camp Verde	120	4.2	117	N/A	
Bashas	110	3.8	102	N/A	
Rainbow Acres	70	2.4	80	N/A	
Institute for Vibrate Living	69	2.4	N/A	N/A	
The Haven of Camp Verde	68	2.4	55	N/A	
Out of Africa Wildlife Park	49	1.7	47	N/A	
Total	1,586	55.2 %	1,249		
Total Est'd Employment*	2,872		2,500	N/A	

Source(s): The Town's financial records.

Note: Employment information for FY2007 was not available.

Total employment for 2015 & 2016 is estimated from the Town's financial records and other sources.

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30									
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	2007
General Government										
Management Services	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.2	7.2	5.0
Finance	3.0	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.9
Economic Development	2.4	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Municipal Court	4.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	6.0	6.0	6.0
Total General Government	15.0	14.6	14.5	13.7	13.7	12.0	13.4	13.2	15.3	13.9
Public Safety				,						
Marshal's Department	28.0	32.2	30.2	26.7	28.0	26.0	28.0	29.6	32.6	31.0
Animal Control	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Total Public Safety	29.0	33.2	31.2	27.7	29.0	27.0	30.0	31.6	34.6	33.0
Public Works										
Admin	2.8	2.8	2.4	1.7	1.0	1.0	2.5	1.5	1.0	1.0
Streets	5.0	5.2	6.2	5.8	5.4	5.0	3.5	6.5	7.0	6.0
Maintenance	6.0	7.4	7.2	6.2	6.4	7.0	6.0	6.0	7.0	8.0
Total Public Works	13.8	15.4	15.8	13.7	12.8	13.0	12.0	14.0	15.0	15.0
Library	6.9	6.2	5.8	5.3	5.4	4.2	5.0	5.4	5.4	4.6
Parks & Recreation	4.9	4.6	4.3	3.5	3.6	3.6	2.8	2.7	3.7	3.0
Community Development	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	6.0
Sewer	7.6	7.2	7.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	83.2	87.1	83.7	68.9	69.4	63.8	67.2	71.9	81.0	75.5

TOWN OF CAMP VERDE, ARIZONA Capital Assets Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2008</u>	2007
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
23	31	31	22	19	17	30	30	31	29
110	110	110	110	110	110	110	106	106	106
110	110	110	110	110	110	92	102	102	102
6	6	6	6	6	6	2	2	2	2
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	2	2
138	138	138	138	138	138	138	130	130	12
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
31	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	20	20
459	440	440	440	440	440	440	440	265	265
	1 23 110 110 6 4 138 1	1 1 23 31 110 110 110 110 6 6 6 4 4 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 31 29	1 1 1 23 31 31 110 110 110 110 110 110 6 6 6 4 4 4 138 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 31 29 29	1 1 1 1 23 31 31 22 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 6 6 6 6 4 4 4 4 138 138 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 31 29 29 29	1 1 1 1 1 23 31 31 22 19 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 6 6 6 6 6 4 4 4 4 4 138 138 138 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 31 29 29 29 29	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 23 31 31 22 19 17 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 10 110 110 110 110 110 10 6 6 6 6 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 138 138 138 138 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 23 31 31 22 19 17 30 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 92 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 138 138 138 138 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 31 29 29 29 29 29 29 29</td><td>1 1</td></t<> <td>1 1</td>	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 23 31 31 22 19 17 30 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 92 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 138 138 138 138 138 138 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 31 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	1 1	1 1

Source: The Town's facilities records.

Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 645 650 582 555 597 576 556 544

Public Safety Total Incidents 15,762 10,020 13,782 10,462 11,614 11,234 10,420 8,348 9,741 10,281 **Public Works** Street Resurfacing (miles) 0.92 0.31 0.25 8.30 Library 62,855 Circulation 63,976 62,140 52,631 51,303 63,580 59,883 76,813 80,139 69,349 Traffic 67,978 67,824 33,787 27,766 25,831 22,336 N/A N/A N/A N/A **Community Development Building Permits** 324 331 362 387 312 341 364 128 107 151

Source: The Town's records.

Function

General Government Business Licenses 2016

823

2015

673

2014